

## 國立清華大學 105 學年度碩士班考試入學試題

系所班組別：計量財務金融學系碩士班 甲組、乙組

考試科目（代碼）：英文(4301)(4401)

共5頁，第1頁 \*請在【答案卷、卡】作答

請依序作答，否則後果自行負責。 40%: 2 points per question ; 60%: 3 points per question

**1. (40%) Directions:** *There is a passage with twenty blanks. You are required to select one word for each blank from a list of choices given in a word bank following the passage. Read the passage through carefully before making your choices. Please write down the number of blank, the choice and the vocabulary that you choose. For example, your answers should look like these:*

(1) A) reward.

(2) B) penalty.

Some performance evaluations require supervisors to take action. Employees who receive a very favorable evaluation may deserve some type of recognition or even a promotion. If supervisors do not acknowledge such outstanding performance, employees may either lose their (1) and reduce their effort or search for a new job at a firm that will (2) them for high performance. Supervisors should acknowledge high performance so that the employee will continue to perform well in the future.

Employees who receive unfavorable evaluations must also be given attention. Supervisors must (3) the reasons for poor performance. Some reasons, such as a family illness, may have a temporary adverse (4) on performance and can be corrected. Other reasons, such as a bad attitude, may not be temporary. When supervisors give employees an unfavorable evaluation, they must decide whether to take any (5) actions. If the employees were unaware of their own deficiencies, the unfavorable evaluation can pinpoint the deficiencies that employees must correct. In this case, the supervisor may simply need to monitor the employees (6) and ensure that the deficiencies are corrected.

If the employees were already aware of their deficiencies before the evaluation period, however, they may be unable or unwilling to correct them. This situation is more serious, and the supervisor may need to take action. The action should be (7) with the firm's guidelines and may include reassigning the employees to new jobs, (8) them temporarily, or firing them. A supervisor's action toward a poorly performing worker can (9) the attitudes of other employees. If no (10) is imposed on an employee for poor performance, other employees may react by reducing their productivity as well.

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A) reward	I) closely
B) penalty	J) enthusiasm
C) identify	K) impact
D) assimilate	L) additional
E) suspending	M) simplifying
F) affect	N) consistent
G) circulation	O) vulnerable
H) aptly	

Cell phones provide instant access to people. They are creating a major (11) in the social experiences of both children and adolescents. In one recent U.S. survey, about half the teens polled said that their cell phone had (12) their communication with friends. Almost all said that their cell phone was the way they stayed in touch with peers, one-third had used the cell phone to help a peer in need, and about 80% said the phone made them feel safer. Teenagers in Australia, (13), said that their mobile phones provided numerous benefits and were an (14) part of their lives; some were so (15) to their phones that the researchers considered it an addiction. In Japan, too, researchers are concerned about cell phone addiction. Researchers in one study in Tokyo found that more than half of junior high school students used their phones to exchange e-mails with schoolmates more than 10 times a day.

Cell phones (16) social connections with peers across time and space. They allow young people to exchange moment-by-moment experiences in their daily lives with special partners and thus to have a more (17) sense of connection with friends. Cell phones also can (18) social tolerance because they reduce children's interactions with others who are different from them. In addition to connecting peers, cell phones connect children and parents. Researchers studying teenagers in Israel concluded that, in that (19) environment, mobile phones were regarded as "security objects" in parent-teen relationships—important because they provided the possibility of (20) and communication at all times.

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A) intrinsic	I) diminish
B) improved	J) similarly
C) attached	K) foster
D) contend	L) instantaneous
E) contact	M) relatively
F) shift	N) hazardous
G) endurance	O) continuous
H) learning	

**2 (60%) Directions:** *There are 20 blanks in the following passage. For each blank there are four choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should choose the ONE that best fits into the passage. Please write down the number of blank, the choice that you choose. For example, your answers should look like these:*

(21) A) up.

(22) B) urge.

- Although there are many skillful Braille readers, thousands of other blind people find it difficult to learn that system. They are thereby shut (21) from the world of books and newspapers, having to (22) on friends to read aloud to them.  
21. A) up B) down C) in D) off  
22. A) dwell B) urge C) press D) rely
- A young scientist named Raymond Kurzweil has now designed a computer which is a major (23) in providing aid to the (24). His machine, Cyclops, has a camera that (25) any page, interprets the print into sounds, and then delivers them orally in a robot-like (26) through a speaker. By pressing the appropriate buttons (27) Cyclops's keyboard, a blind person can "read" any (28) document in the English language.



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23. A) execution B) distinction C) breakthrough D) process
24. A) paralyzed B) uneducated C) invisible D) sightless
25. A) projects B) enlarges C) sketches D) scans
26. A) behavior B) expression C) movement D) voice
27. A) on B) at C) in D) from
28. A) printed B) visual C) virtual D) spoken
- This remarkable invention represents a tremendous \_\_\_\_\_ (29) \_\_\_\_\_ forward in the education of the handicapped. At present, Cyclops costs \$ 50,000. \_\_\_\_\_ (30) \_\_\_\_\_, Mr. Kurzweil and his associates are preparing a smaller \_\_\_\_\_ (31) \_\_\_\_\_ improved version that will sell \_\_\_\_\_ (32) \_\_\_\_\_ less than half that price. Within a few years, Kurzweil \_\_\_\_\_ (33) \_\_\_\_\_ the price range will be low enough for every school and library to \_\_\_\_\_ (34) \_\_\_\_\_ one. Michael Hingson, Director of the National Federation for the Blind, hopes that \_\_\_\_\_ (35) \_\_\_\_\_ will be able to buy home \_\_\_\_\_ (36) \_\_\_\_\_ of Cyclops for the price of a good television set.
29. A) stride B) trail C) haul D) footprint
30. A) However B) Moreover C) Likewise D) Though
31. A) but B) than C) or D) then
32. A) on B) for C) through D) to
33. A) counts B) considers C) estimates D) determines
34. A) settle B) retain C) invest D) own

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35. A) schools B) children C) companies D) families

36. A) models B) modes C) cases D) collections

- Mr. Hingson's organization purchased five machines and is now testing them in Maryland, Colorado, Iowa, California, and New York. Blind people have been (37) \_\_\_\_\_ in those tests, making lots of (38) \_\_\_\_\_ suggestions to the engineers who helped to produce Cyclops.

37. A) producing B) assisting C) ascertaining D) researching

38. A) true B) authentic C) valuable D) pleasant

- "This is the first time that blind people have ever done individual studies (39) \_\_\_\_\_ a product was put on the market," Hingson said. "Most manufacturers believed that having the blind help the blind was like telling disabled people to teach other disabled people. In that (40) \_\_\_\_\_, the manufacturers have been the blind ones."

39. A) after B) when C) as D) before

40. A) occasion B) moment C) event D) sense