

國立清華大學 103 學年度碩士班考試入學試題

系所班組別：數學系 數學組

考試科目（代碼）：高等微積分(0101)

共 1 頁，第 1 頁 \*請在【答案卷、卡】作答

1. Let  $\{a_n\}$  and  $\{b_n\}$  be given sequences of real numbers and let the sequence  $\{c_n\}$  be defined by

$$c_1 = a_1, c_2 = b_1, \dots, c_{2n-1} = a_n, c_{2n} = b_n, \dots.$$

Show that  $\{c_n\}$  is convergent, if  $\{a_n\}$  and  $\{b_n\}$  are convergent to  $L$ .

2. Show that if  $f$  is continuous on  $[0, \infty)$  and uniformly continuous on  $[a, \infty)$  for some positive constant  $a$ , then  $f$  is uniformly continuous on  $[0, \infty)$ .

3. If  $f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a bounded function such that  $f(x) = 0$  except for  $x$  in  $\{c_1, c_2, \dots, c_n\}$  in  $[a, b]$ , show by definition that  $f$  is integrable on  $[a, b]$  and that  $\int_a^b f(x) dx = 0$ .

4. Let  $f$  be continuous on  $[a, b]$  and assume the second derivative  $f''$  exists on  $(a, b)$ . Suppose that the graph of  $f$  and the line segment joining the points  $(a, f(a))$  and  $(b, f(b))$  intersect at a point  $(x_0, f(x_0))$  where  $a < x_0 < b$ . Show that there exists a point  $c \in (a, b)$  such that  $f''(c) = 0$ .

5. Let  $f(x) = \sum_1^\infty (x+n)^{-2}$ . Show that  $f$  is a continuous function on  $[0, \infty)$  and that  $\int_0^1 f(x) dx = 1$ . (16 points)

6. Let  $C$  be the unit circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ , oriented counterclockwise. Compute the line integral

$$\int_C \left[ \sqrt{1+x^2} - ye^{xy} + 3y \right] dx + \left[ x^2 - xe^{xy} + \ln(1+y^4) \right] dy.$$

7. Prove or disprove that the equations  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 3$ ,  $xy + tz = 2$ ,  $xz + ty + e^t = 0$  can be solved for  $x$ ,  $y$  and  $z$  as  $C^1$  functions of  $t$  near  $(x, y, z, t) = (-1, -2, 1, 0)$ .

(Except for problem 5, each problem for 14 points.)