		八十四學年度	原子科學研究 所 2 組碩士班研究生入學考試	-
科目_		普通化學	科號 3201 共 2 買第 1 頁 *讀在試卷【答案卷】內作	E
	5.		state electron configuration of oxygen atom is $_$ and the ground state electron configuration of O_2	
	6.	Sketch the sl	hape of 2p atomic orbital and π_{2p}^* molecular orbital.	
	7.	Name the fo	ollowing compounds:	
		$\mathrm{CH_{2}=C-C_{2}H_{5}}$	$_{ m H_{5}}$, $_{ m NO_{2}}^{ m CH_{3}}$, $_{ m CH_{2}=CH_{2}-CN}$,	
		CuBr, I	NaHSO ₃	
	8.		nemical formular for the following compound: ose, tetraethyllead, perchloric acid, Nitric oxide.	
	9.	A catalyst is	a that can increase the of a	

reaction by decrease its _____ energy _____ being

radius and _____ atom has the smallest radius. Among all

10. Among all elements, _____ atom has the largest atomic

atomic ions _____ ion has the largest radius while

_____ion has the smallest radius.

itself consumed.

	八十四學年度	原子科學研究 所	之	_組碩士	近研究生入學考試	
科自	普通化學	科號 3201 共	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u> 勇	*讀在試卷【答案卷】內	作意

每題10分,儘量以英文作答

1,	Schrödinger equation for an electron has a form of
	In this equation ψ is , E is And ψ^2 has a
	physical meaning of
2.	The radioactive carbon-14 isotope decays according to the equation
	$^{14}_{6}$ C $\stackrel{14}{-}_{7}$ F+ This decay obeysorder
	kinetics with a half-life of 5730 Yr. The rate constant of this decay is The activity of ¹⁴ C in live bones is 15.3 dpm/g of carbon
	A fossil bone with an activity of 3.8 dpm/g should belong to an animal
	died years ago.
_	

3.	A sample has a reversible phase transition of $P_A \to P_B$ on raising the
	temperature to T_t with an endothermic change ΔH . ΔS_{surr} and ΔS_{sys}
	of this transition at T _t may be estimated as and
	respectively. ΔS_{univ} has a value for the
	phase transition at T > T_t a value at T = T_t and a
	value at $T < T_t$.

4.	According to the Table below, ΔH° , ΔS° and ΔG° of the reaction				
	$CaCO_3 \implies CaO + CO_2 \text{ are } \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, and				
	respectively. The vapor pressure of CO_2 (P_{CO_2}) at				
	298 K should be On assuming ΔH^o and ΔS^o do not				
	alter with T, then P_{CO_0} will become 1 atm at $T = K$.				

Compound	CaCO ₃	CaO	CO_2
ΔH ² /kJ mol ⁻¹	1207	-636	-394
$S^c/J \cdot K^{-1} mol^{-1}$	93	40	214