

常數:  $h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}$      $c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$      $m_e = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$      $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$

共有 5 題，每題 20 分

1. (a) What is the momentum of a photon of wavelength  $0.02 \text{ \AA}$ ?
  - (b) What is the momentum of an electron that has the same total energy as a  $0.02 \text{ \AA}$  photon?
  - (c) What is the de Broglie wavelength of the electron in part (b)?
2. The mass  $m$  of a hydrogen atom is  $m = 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$ . When two are bound together to form a hydrogen molecule ( $\text{H}_2$ ), they will oscillate about their equilibrium separation as a simple harmonic oscillator of mass  $\frac{1}{2}m$  (the reduced mass). The effective spring constant is  $573 \text{ N/m}$ .
  - (a) Calculate the energy of the zero-point vibration ( $n=0$ ).
  - (b) Calculate the classical amplitude of the zero-point motion.
3. (a) The electron in a hydrogen atom moves into the excited state  $n=2$ , and remains there for  $10^{-8} \text{ s}$  before making a downward transition to the ground state. Calculate the uncertainty of the energy of the excited state.
  - (b) In the transition of (a), a photon is emitted. What is the wavelength of the photon?
  - (c) Estimate the uncertainty of the wavelength of the photon.
4. The atomic number of beryllium is 4.
  - (a) Write down the electronic configuration of Be in its ground state, and all possible spectral terms (e.g.  ${}^2\text{P}_{\frac{1}{2}}$ ) that can be formed.
  - (b) Write down the electron configuration and spectral terms of Be in its lowest excited states.
  - (c) In an energy-level diagram, show the possible transitions between states formed by these two configurations.
  - (d) In the presence of an external magnetic field, do (c) again.

5. The K absorption edge of molybdenum is  $0.620\text{ \AA}$ , and the average wavelengths of the K-series lines are  $K_{\alpha} = 0.712\text{ \AA}$ ,  $K_{\beta} = 0.633\text{ \AA}$ , and  $K_{\gamma} = 0.621\text{ \AA}$ .
- (a) Construct the x-ray energy-level diagram of molybdenum.
  - (b) What is the least energy required to excite the L-series?
  - (c) What is the wavelength of the  $L_{\alpha}$  line?
  - (d) If a 25-keV electron struck the molybdenum target in a tube, what is the shortest x-ray wavelength it could produce?