# 國立清華大學104學年度碩士班考試入學試題

系所班組別:工程與系統科學系 乙組

考試科目 (代碼):流體力學(2603)

共\_\_\_3\_頁,第\_\_1\_\_\_ \*請在【答案卷】作答

- 1. 解釋名詞 30%
- Largrangian Method 與 Eulerian Method
- Streamline, Pathline, Streakline
- (a) What is the Bernoulli equation?
  - (b) 應用 Bernoulli equation 的假設為何?
  - (c)以 pressure 的觀點解釋 Bernoulli equation 內每一項
  - (d)以 head 的觀點解釋 Bernoulli equation 內每一項
- Fully developed and developing
- Major loss and Minor loss
- Boundary layer thickness and momentum thickness

### 2. (20 %)

試畫出 Moody chart(儘量詳細),並解釋圖上每一個參數以及 Moody chart 的用途

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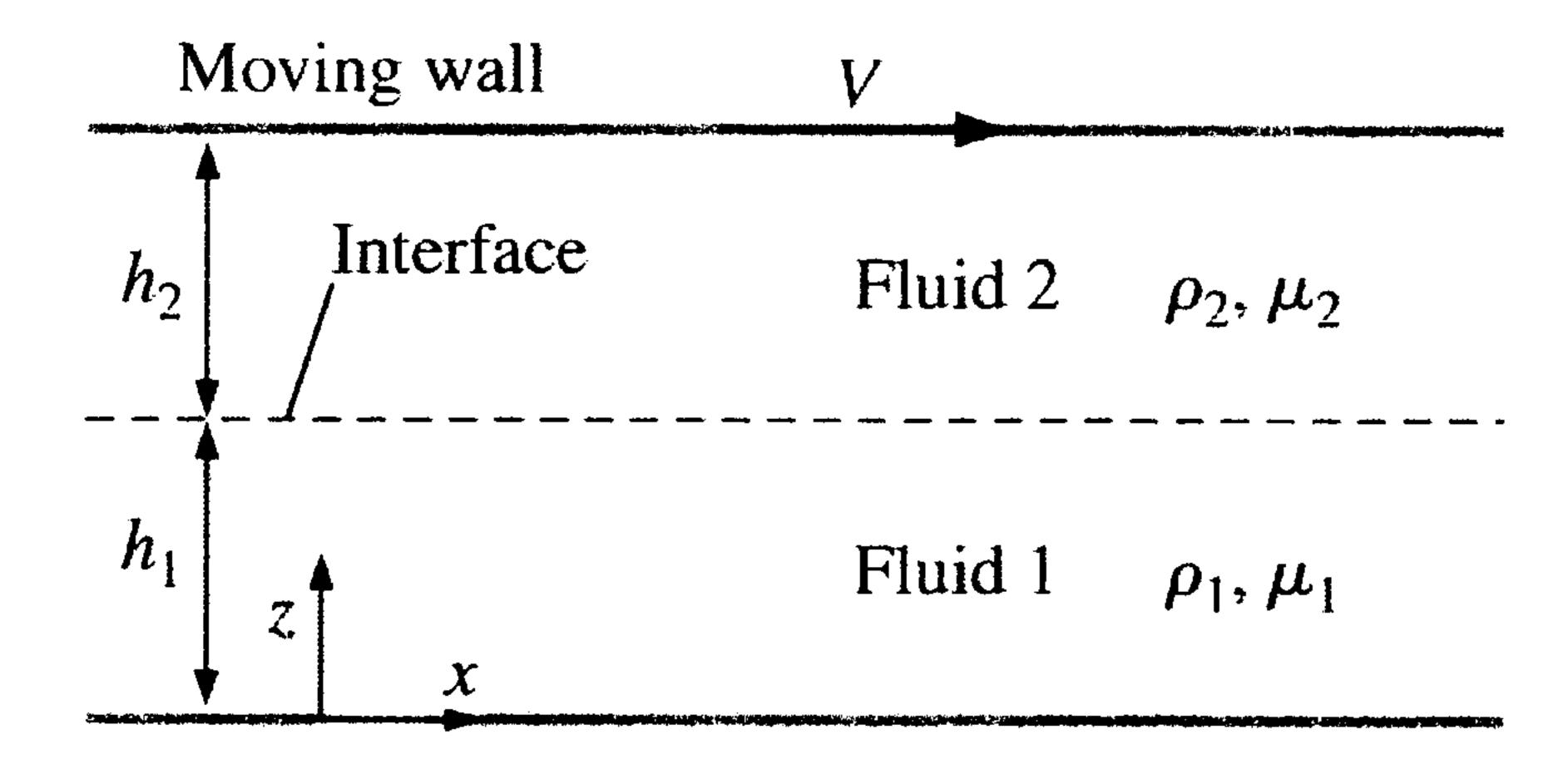
考試科目 (代碼):流體力學(2603)

共\_\_3\_頁,第\_2\_頁 \*請在【答案卷】作答

#### 3. (25 %)

Consider a modified form of Couette flow in which there are two immiscible fluids sandwiched between two infinitely long and wide, parallel flat plates, as shown below. The flow is steady, incompressible, parallel and laminar. The top plate moves at velocity V to the right, and the bottom plate is stationary. Gravity acts in the -z direction. There is no forced pressure gradient pushing the fluids through the channel. You may ignore surface tension effects and assume that the interface is horizontal. The pressure at the bottom of the flow (z=0) is equal to  $P_o$ .

- (a) List all the appropriate boundary conditions on both velocity and pressure.
- (b) Solve for the velocity field. [hint: Generate expressions for  $u_1$  and  $u_2$  as functions of z]



Providing 2-D N-S equations

$$\rho \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + w \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \right) = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \rho g_x + \mu \left( \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2} \right)$$

$$\rho \left( \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + w \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \right) = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial z} + \rho g_z + \mu \left( \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial z^2} \right)$$

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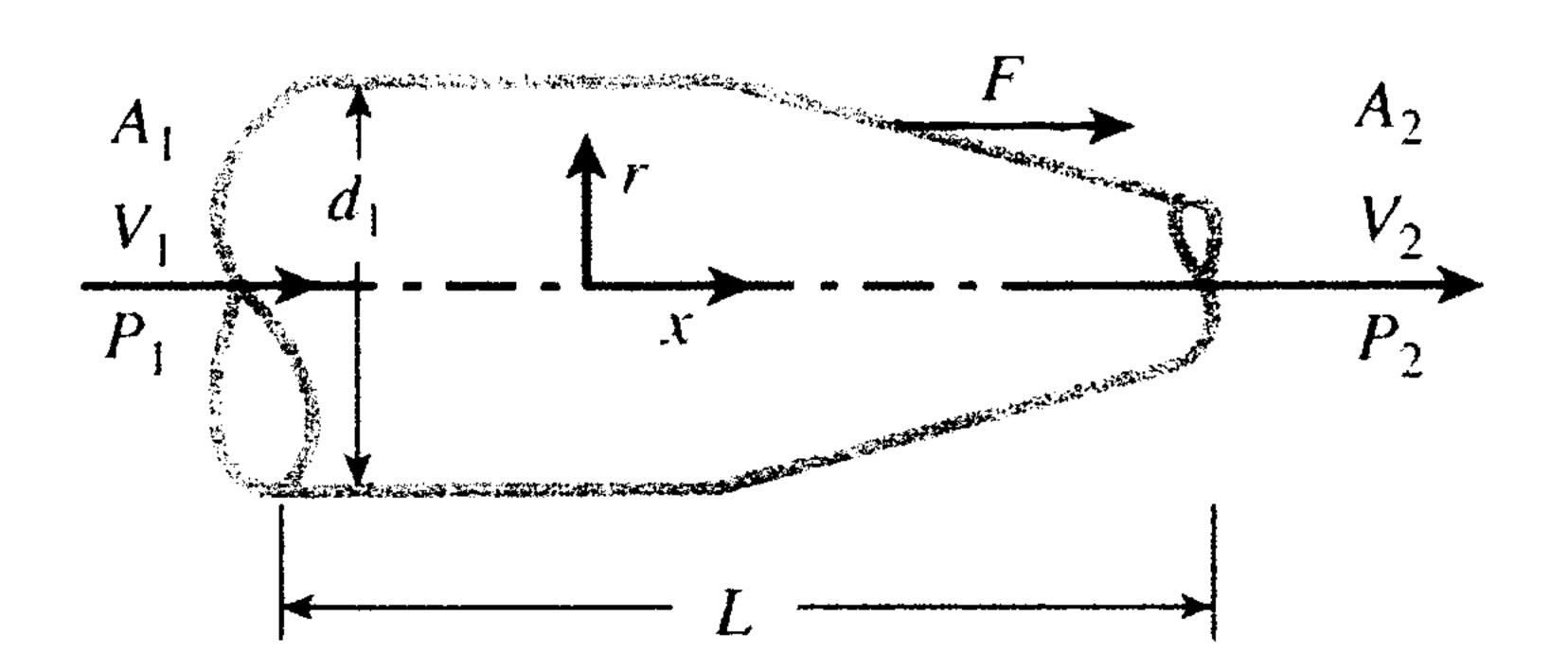
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### 4. (25%)

Experiments are being designed to measure the horizontal force F on a nozzle, as shown in the following figure.  $F = fn(V_1, \Delta P, \rho, \mu, A_1, A_2, L)$   $\Delta P = P_1 - P_2$ . Determine the functional relationship between the horizontal force F and the independent variables using dimensional analysis.



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