

國立清華大學 命題紙

96 學年度 \_\_\_\_\_ 生命科學院 \_\_\_\_\_ 系 ( 所 ) \_\_\_\_\_ 丙 \_\_\_\_\_ 組碩士班入學考試

科目 \_\_\_\_\_ 近代物理 \_\_\_\_\_ 科目代碼 0402 共 2 頁第 1 頁 \*請在【答案卷卡】內作答

1. (10%) Two spaceships,  $A$  and  $B$ , travel from earth to outerspace. An astronomer on earth observes that  $A$  and  $B$  travel in opposite directions with the same speed  $0.8c$  ( $c$  = speed of light). What is the speed of  $A$  relative to  $B$ ?
2. (10%) A particle with mass  $m$  is confined in one-dimensional box between  $x = 0$  and  $x = L$ . Apply the Heisenberg's uncertainty relation to estimate the energy  $E$  of this particle at the ground state. Your answer is a function of  $m$ ,  $L$  and the Planck's constant  $h$ .
3. (4%) What are the spin angular momentums of a photon and an electron (in unit of  $h/2\pi$ )?
4. (6%) Explain briefly (a) fermion, (b) quark, and (c) Alpha particle.
5. (10%) Consider a particle of mass  $m$  moving in one dimension and the potential energy is

$$V(x) = \frac{1}{2}kx^2.$$

The energy levels of this harmonic oscillator are given by

$$E_n = (n + \frac{1}{2})h\nu$$

where  $n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$  and

$$\nu = \frac{1}{2\pi}\sqrt{k/m}$$

is the classical frequency of oscillation. If we change the potential energy to  $U(x)$  such that  $U(x) = V(x)$  for  $x > 0$  but  $U(x) = \infty$  for  $x \leq 0$ , what are the energy levels? You should explain how you derive your result.

6. (10%) A photon  $\gamma$  hits an electron at rest, producing an electron-positron pair:

$$\gamma + e^- \rightarrow e^+ + e^- + e^-.$$

Calculate the minimum energy of the incident photon. The electron mass is  $0.5 \text{ MeV}$ .

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7. (10%) The energy levels of the hydrogen atom are

$$E_n = -\frac{13.6}{n^2} \text{eV}$$

where  $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$ . Calculate the wavelength of the photon emitted when the electron jumps from  $n = 2$  state to  $n = 1$  state. You need  $c$  (speed of light)  $= 3 \times 10^8 \text{m/s}$ ,  $h$  (Planck's constant)  $= 6.6 \times 10^{-34} \text{J} \cdot \text{s}$ ,  $1 \text{eV} = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{J}$ . Write your answer accurate to two significant figures.

8. (30%) Explain (a) Franck-Hertz experiment, (b) Pauli's exclusion principle, (c) Mössbauer effect, (d) Zeeman effect, (e) Meissner effect, and (f) radiocarbon dating.
9. (10%) Write down the steady-state form of Schrödinger's equation in one dimension for a particle with mass  $m$  and the potential energy is  $U(x)$ . Find the wave functions of this particle in a box where

$$U(x) = 0 \quad 0 < x < L$$

and  $U(x) = \infty$  for  $x \geq L$  or  $x \leq 0$ .