## 八十六學年度 多加、1 科 系 (所) <u>こ</u>組領士班研究生入學者試 組 1 移 数 考 科號 3101共 2 東第 1 頁 \*欄在回卷【答案卷】內作答

- 1. A box contains n black balls. At each stage a black ball is removed and a new ball, that is black with probability p and white with probability (1-p), is put into the box. Please find the expected number of stages needed until there are no more black balls in the box. (10%)
- 2. Denote the owl and wood rat populations at time k by  $X_k = \begin{bmatrix} O_k \\ R_k \end{bmatrix}$ , where k is the time in months,  $O_k$  is the number of owls in the region studied, and  $R_k$  is the number of rats (measured in thousands). Suppose that  $\begin{cases} O_{k+1} = 0.5 \cdot O_k + 0.4 & R_k \\ R_{k+1} = -P \cdot O_k + 1.1 & R_k \end{cases}$  where p is a positive parameter to be specified. Please find the value of p that can let the system enter the steady state (i.e.,  $\lim_{n \to \infty} (X_{n+1}) = X_n$ ).
- 3. a. Suppose that f(x) and g(x) are piecewise continuous, bounded, and absolutely integral on x-axis. Based on the definition of fourier transform, please prove the following convolution theorem. (10%)

$$F(f^*q) = \sqrt{2\pi}F(f)F(g)$$

where \* denotes the convolution operation and F denotes the fourier transform.

- b. Let f(x) be continuous on the x-axis and  $f(x) \to 0$  as  $f(x) \to \infty$ . Furthermore f(x) be absolute integral on x-axis. Based on the definition of fourier transform, please prove
  - (i)  $F\{f'(x)\} = i\omega F\{f(x)\}$   $i \triangleq F$
  - (ii)  $F\{f''(x)\} = -\omega^2\{f(x)\}$  (10%)
- 4 (10%) The joint probability density function of X and Y is given by

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x} e^{-x/y} e^{-y} & \text{if } 0 < x < \infty, 0 < y < \infty \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find E[X|Y].

 $\mathcal{L}_{\{10\%\}}$  Show that if a matrix U is both unitary and Hermitian, then any eigenvalues of U must either equal 1 or -1.

## 國 立 清 華 大 學 命 題 紙

## 八十六學年度<u>多れ 1 程</u>系(所)<u>Z</u>組碩士班研究生入學考試 相<u>1 程 多な 产</u>科號 3 [o] 共 2 頁第 2 頁 \*調在試卷【答案卷】內作答

- In the complex plane, consider the function  $f(z) = (z+1)^2$  and the region D which is the triangular region with vertices at the points z=0, z=2, and z=i. Find points in D where |f(z)| has its maximum and minimum values. (10%)
- 7. Consider the transformation  $m = u + iv = z^2$ , where z = x + iy.
  - (a) Let C be the curve x = 1 and the positive orientation of C be the direction of increasing y. Find and sketch the image Γ of C under the above transformation. Also indicate the corresponding positive orientation of Γ. (5%)
  - (b) What is the resulting angle of rotation from C to  $\Gamma$  at the point  $z := 1 + i^{\alpha} (5\%)$
- Let E and F be two events in a probability space  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathcal{P})$ . Please show the following two statements:
  - (a) (5%)  $Pr\{E \cap F\} \ge Pr\{E\} + Pr\{F\} 1$ .
  - (b) (5%) If E and F are statistically independent, i.e.  $Pr\{E \cap F\} = Pr\{E\} \cdot Pr\{F\}$ , then their complements  $E^c$  and  $F^c$  are also statistically independent, i.e.  $Pr\{E^c \cap F^c\} = Pr\{E^c\} \cdot Pr\{F^c\}$ .
- ! Let A be an  $m \times n$  real matrix and  $A^{l}$  the transpose of A. Please show that
  - (a) (5%) An *n*-tuple v is in the null space of the matrix  $A^tA$ , i.e.  $(A^tA)v = 0$  if and only if v is in the null space of A, i.e. Av = 0.
  - (b) (5%) The rank of matrix  $A^{l}A$  is equal to the rank of matrix A.