

科目：訊號與系統(300C)

校系所組：中央大學電機工程學系(電子組)

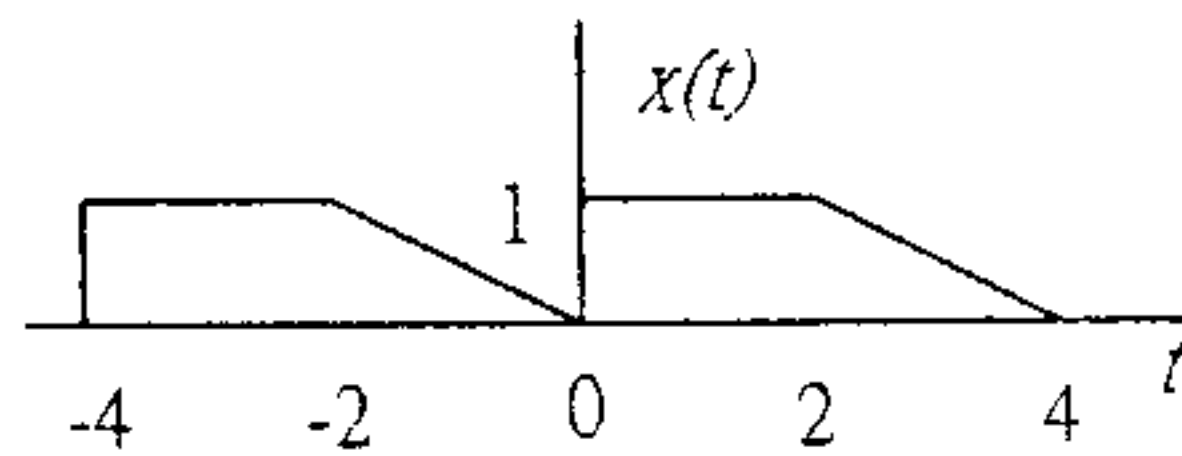
交通大學生醫工程研究所(乙組)

清華大學電機工程學系(乙組)

1. For signal  $x(t)$  depicted below, sketch and label carefully each of the following signals.

(a)  $x\left(\frac{t}{2}-2\right)$  (2%)

(b) even signal of  $x(t)$  (3%)



2. Consider an LTI system with input and output related through the equation  $y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t e^{-(t-\tau)} x(\tau-1) d\tau$

Find the impulse response  $h(t)$  for this system. (5%)

3. Consider the LTI system initially at rest and described by the difference equation

$$y[n] + 2y[n-1] = x[n] + 2x[n-2]$$

Find the response of this system to the input  $x[n] = \delta[n+2] + 2\delta[n+1] + 3\delta[n] + 2\delta[n-1] + 2\delta[n-2]$  (5%)

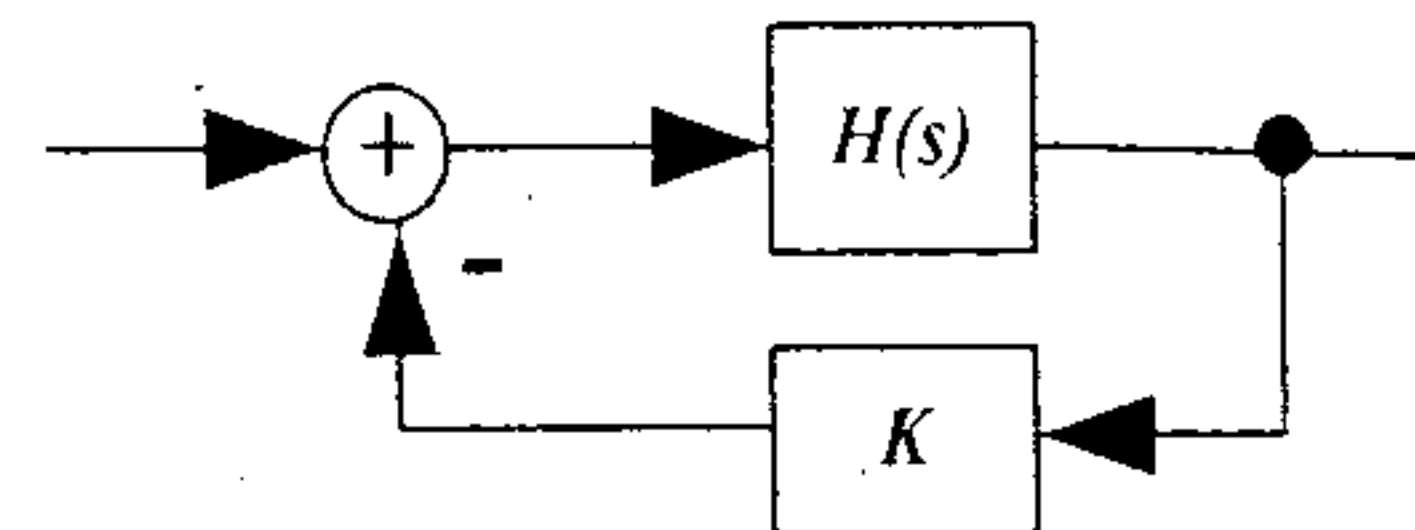
4.  $X(s) = \frac{2s-1}{s^3-s}$ , determine

(a)  $x(t)$  (5%)

(b) the initial and final values of  $x(t)$ . (5%)

5. Consider a feedback system shown below, where  $H(s) = \frac{s+2}{s^2+2s+4}$

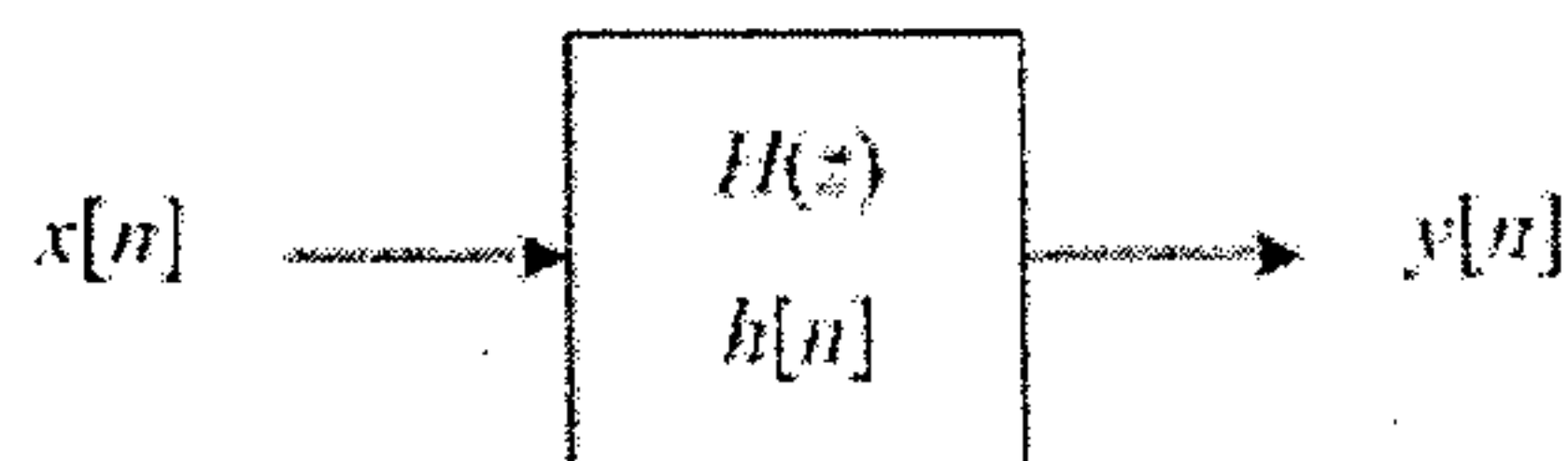
(a) Find the smallest positive value of  $K$  for which the closed-loop impulse response doesn't exhibit any oscillatory behavior. (5%)



(b) Find the value of  $K$  for which the phase margin is  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ . (5%)

(c) Find the value of  $K$  for which the closed-loop damping factor is  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ . (5%)

6. Consider the following system.



(a) Let  $H(z) = \frac{1-\frac{2}{9}z^{-1}}{1-\frac{1}{3}z^{-1}}$  and  $x[n] = \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^n u[n]$ , where  $u[n]$  is the unit step function with unity gain for  $n \geq 0$ . If Region of Convergence (ROC) of  $y[n]$  is a ring, determine the output  $y[n]$ . (5%)

(b) Let  $H(z) = \frac{1-2\sqrt{2}z^{-1}}{1-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}z^{-1}}$  and  $x[n] = \frac{1}{6} [\sin \Omega_0 n] u[n]$  for  $\Omega_0 = \frac{\pi}{4}$ . If ROC of  $y[n]$  exists, determine the output  $y[n]$ ? (10%)

7. Let  $x(t) = \cos(4\pi f_2 t) e^{j2\pi f_1 t}$  and  $f_2 > f_1 > 0$ .

(a) What is the criterion for sampling frequency  $f_s$  (Nyquist frequency)? (3%)

(b) If  $y(t) = (x(t))^2$ , what is the criterion for sampling frequency  $f_s$  (Nyquist frequency)? (3%)

(c) If  $y_p(t) = y(t)p(t)$  and  $p(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(t - \frac{n}{12f_2})$ , please depict the spectrum  $Y_p(\omega)$  of  $y_p(t)$  with y-axis indicating the magnitude of  $|Y_p(\omega)|$ . (5%)

參考用

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(d) If an ideal low-pass filter with cutoff frequency  $\omega_c$  is used to interpolate  $y_p(t)$  for reconstructing  $y(t)$ , what is the requirement for  $\omega_c$  without generating the aliasing effect? (4%)

8. Suppose that a continuous-time periodic signal  $x(t)$  is the input to an LTI system. The signal has a Fourier series representation:  $x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \alpha^{|k|} e^{jk(\pi/4)t}$ , where  $\alpha$  is a real number and  $0 < \alpha < 1$ , and the frequency response of the system is

$$H(j\omega) = \begin{cases} 1, & |\omega| \leq W \\ 0, & |\omega| > W \end{cases}$$

(a) The fundamental period of  $x(t) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ . (2%)

(b) The average energy per period of  $x(t) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ . (3%) (express the average energy per period in terms of  $\alpha$ )

(c) For the output of the system to have at least 90% of the average energy per period of  $x(t)$ , the frequency  $W =$  \_\_\_\_\_ . (5%) (express  $W$  in terms of  $\alpha$ )

*You need to write down your answers only. No partial scores for your computation procedures.*

9. Consider a continuous-time system with frequency response  $H(j\omega)$  shown below.

(a) The energy of the impulse response  $h(t)$  of the system = \_\_\_\_\_ . (3%)

(b) When the input of the system is given by  $x(t) = 2(\cos 2t)(\sin 7t)$ , the output

$y(t) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ . (3%)

(c) When the input is an impulse train given by  $x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - k - 1)$ , the output  $y(t)$  computed by first

finding out  $Y(j\omega) = H(j\omega)X(j\omega)$  then obtaining  $y(t)$  from  $Y(j\omega) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ . (4%)

*(Note: Direct convolution of  $x(t)$  and  $h(t)$  to obtain  $y(t)$  will get no credit.)*

*You need to write down your answers only. No partial scores for your computation procedures.*

10. When the impulse train  $x[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta[n - 4k - 1]$  is the input to a particular LTI system with frequency

response  $H(e^{j\omega})$ , the output of the system is found to be  $y[n] = \cos(\frac{3\pi}{2}n + \frac{\pi}{4})$ .

(a) The value of  $H(e^{j0}) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ . (3%)

(b)  $\sum_{k=0}^3 H(e^{jk\pi/2}) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ . (7%)

*You need to write down your answers only. No partial scores for your computation procedures.*

參考片

