國立清華大學命題紙 96學年度祝授養家於工程研究所(所)______組碩士班入學考試 科目化學科目代碼(905共/頁第/頁 *請在【答案卷卡】內作答

1. (5 %) An element X forms an iodide (XI₃) and a chloride (XCl₃). The iodide is quantitatively converted to the chloride when it is heated in a stream of chlorine: 2XI₃ + 3Cl₂ →2XCl₃ +3I₂

If 0.500 g of XI₃ is treated, 0.236 g of XCl₃ is obtained. (a) Calculate the atomic weight of the element X. (b) Identify the element X. (Atomic weights: Cl, 35.5; I, 127)

- 2. (15 %) Will precipitation occur when the following solutions are mixed? If so, write a balance chemical equation for the reaction. (a) Na₂CO₃ and AgNO₃; (b) NaNO₃ and NiSO₄; (c) FeSO₄ and Pb(NO₃)₂.
- 3. (10 %) An aqueous solution of an unknown solute is tested with litmus paper and found to be acidic. The solution is weakly conducting compared with a solution of NaCl of the same concentration. Which of the following substances could the unknown be: KOH, NH₃, HNO₃, KClO₂, H₃PO₃, CH₃COCH₃. Explain your choice.
- 4. (5 %) From the heats of the reaction

$$2H_2(g) + O_2(g) \rightarrow 2H_2O(g)$$
 $\Delta H = -483.6 \text{ kJ}$
 $3O_2(g) \rightarrow 2O_3(g)$ $\Delta H = +284.6 \text{ kJ}$

calculate the heat of the reaction

$$2H_2(g) + O_3(g) \rightarrow 3H_2O(g)$$

- 5. (10 %) What is wrong with the following electron configurations of atoms in their ground states? (a) 1s² 2s² 3s¹; (b)[Ne] 2s² 2p³; (c) [Ne] 3s² 3d⁵.
- 6. (10 %) Consider S, Cl and K and their most common ions. (a) List the atoms in order of increasing size. (b) List the ions in order of increasing size. Explain the differences in the orders.
- 7. (10 %) Draw Lewis structures for the following (a) SiH₄; (b) SF₂; (c) CO; (d) H₂SO₄; (e) SCN⁻.
- 8. (10 %) Indicate the hybrid orbital set used by the central atom in each of the fllowing molecules and ions: (a) BCl₃; (b) AlCl₄; (c) CS₂; (d) HCN (e) SiCl₄.
- 9. (15 %) Which member of the following pairs has the larger London dispersion forces: (a) H₂O or H₂S; (b)CO₂ or CO; (c)CH₄ or CCl₄.
- 10. (10 %) Place the following substances in order of increasing volatility: CH₄, CBr₄, CH₂Cl₂, CH₃Cl, CHBr₃, CH₂Br₂. Explain your answer.