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| 注意: | | | | × | | . (| | | | |
| 1. 請按題目 | 順序作答 | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| 2. 填充題不需 | 2. 填充題不需要寫計算過程。 | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. $1 \text{ atm} = 1.0$ |)1x10 ⁵ Pa | $(N/m^2), J$ | k _B =1.38 | x 10 ⁻²³ J/K | , R = 8.31 | l J/K∙mol | | | | |
| 填充及選擇 題 | [(30%): | | | | | | | | | |

- (5%) Positive charge Q is placed on a conducting spherical shell with inner radius R₁ and outer radius R₂. A point charge q is placed at the center of the cavity. The magnitude of the electric field at a point outside the shell, a distance r from the center, is: (1)
- (5%) The hydraulic automobile jack illustrates: A. Archimedes' principle, B. Pascal's principle, C. Hooke's law, D. Newton's third law, E. Newton's second law (2)
- 4. (5%) Three polarizing sheets are placed in a stack with the polarizing directions of the first and third perpendicular to each other. What angle should the polarizing direction of the middle sheet make with the polarizing direction of the first sheet to obtain maximum transmitted intensity when unpolarized light is incident on the stack? (4) (in degrees)
- 5. (5%) The index of refraction of a substance is: A. the speed of light in the substance, B. the angle of refraction, C. the angle of incidence, D. the speed of light in vacuum divided by the speed of light in the substance, E. measured in radians ______

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計算題(70%):

(a) A potential difference of 500 V is applied to a series connection of two capacitors, of capacitance C₁ = 2.0 μF and capacitance C₂ = 8.0 μF. What are the charge on and the potential difference across each capacitor? (b) The charged capacitors are then reconnected as shown below. What are the charge and the potential difference for each capacitor now? (c) What percentage of electrical energy is lost during the second step? (15 %)



2. In the circuit shown below switch S₁ is *initially closed* and S₂ is open. (a) Find V_a-V_b; (b) After S₂ is also closed for a long time, what is V_a-V_b? (c) When S₁ is opened and S₂ is *left closed*, what is the time constant for the capacitor to discharge? (15 %)



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3. A sample of a monoatomic ideal gas occupies 5.00 L at atmospheric pressure and 300 K (point A in the figure). It is heated at constant volume to 3.00 atm (point B). Then, it is allowed to expand isothermally to 1.00 atm (point C) and at last is compressed isobarically (constant pressure) to its original state. (a) Find the number of moles in the sample. (b) Find the temperatures at points B and C. (c) Assuming that the specific heat does not depend on temperature, so that E_{int}=3nRT/2, find the internal energy at points A, B, and C. (d) Tabulate P, V, T, and E_{int} at the states at points A, B, C. (e) For the whole cycle A→B→C→A, find Q, W, and ΔE_{int}. (20%)



4. What magnitude of force F applied horizontally at the axle of the wheel is necessary to raise the wheel, with a radius r (meter) and a weight W (newton), over an obstacle of height h = r/3? Express your answer in terms of W. (10%)



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5. A uniform plank, with a length L (meter) and a weigh W (Newton), rests on the ground and against a frictionless roller at the top of a wall of height h = 2L/3. The plank remains in equilibrium for any value of θ≥ θ₀ but slips if θ < θ₀. (a) Find the magnitude of the force on the plank from the roller. Express your answer in terms of W and θ. (b) Find the coefficient of static fiction μs between the plank and the ground. Express your answer in terms of θ₀. (10%)</p>

