	普通化學	類組別	A1 A	15					共 1 頁 第 1
								*選擇題言	青在答案卡內作
								非選擇題	請在答案卷內作
元	素分子量如下: E	H =1, D=2, C=	12, N=14,	O=16, F=19	), Na=2	3, S = 32,Cl	=35.5, I	P= 31, K = 3	9, $Ca = 40,Mn = 55$
e	= 55.85, Br=80, I	Rb=85.5, I = 1	27, Farad	ay constant	=96485	Cmol <sup>-1</sup> , Gas	s consta	nt R= 8.314	J K <sup>-1</sup> mol <sup>-1</sup> ; 5.18
. 1	0 <sup>19</sup> eV K <sup>-1</sup> mol <sup>-1</sup>	or 0.082 L at	m K <sup>-1</sup> mol	-1 , Plank C	onstant	, h= 6.626×	10 <sup>-34</sup> J⋅s	s).	
	)選擇題,每題	<b></b>	î, <b>共</b> 70.4	<i>(</i> 4:					Ž.
	What is the elemen		-	( <b>.</b> ),					
	A An	B At	C	As	D	Sb	Е	Sn	
. 7	The oxidation state	of S in sulfur	ous acid is	A. What is	sA?				
	A +2	B +3	C	+4	D	+5	Е	+6	
	5.1. 4 6 5				•		_		
. Ŀ	Balance the follow			1		***************************************	$M^{2+} +$	d N <sup>6+</sup> V	What is a+b+c+d?
	A   8	B 10	C	12	D	14	E	16	
F	Ralance the follow	ina amidatian							
 (	Salance the follow $Cr_2O_7^2 + aH_2O +$	Ing oxidation	reduction:	reactions, wh	nich occ	ur in basic s	olution.		
•	A <10	B 10	C		What is	12		12	
				111		12	E	13	
. A	After some NaF wa	as added into a	1.0 M HF	solution ho	w does	the nH of th	ie HF e	abution chance	.ດ?
	A larger	B smalle	T	unchanged			113 111 30	- Julion Chang	;e:
					יעו	not related			
			——————————————————————————————————————		D	not related			
. Т	The product is colo	orless in the di	merization	of yellow X	gas at 2	25 °C. If it	was fou	and that as th	e reaction
te	emperature increas	se, the color o	f the mixtu	of yellow X	gas at 2	25 °C. If it	was fou	and that as th	e reaction endothermic or
te	emperature increasexothermic (or not	se, the color o	f the mixtu	re is getting	gas at 2 darker.	25 °C. If it Is this dim	was fou erizatio	and that as th	e reaction endothermic or
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to e	emperature increase exothermic (or not A not related  At 25°C and 1 atm, A 10-30  A solution contains A 3  For the gas reaction to air were present white ring of (NX <sub>3</sub> )	se, the color of determined) r  B endoth  100 g NaN3  B 30-70  30.10 M HA (1)  B 4  n of NX3 with in the reaction  H) Br.	f the mixture eaction?  The mixture eaction eaction eaction eaction.  The mixture eaction eaction eaction eaction eaction.  The mixture eaction eaction eaction eaction.  The mixture eaction eaction eaction eaction eaction.  The mixture eaction eaction eaction eaction eaction.  The mixture eaction eaction eaction eaction eaction eaction eaction.  The mixture eaction eacti	exothermic d, calculate t 70-110  10 <sup>-6</sup> ) and 0.10 5	gas at 2 darker.  the volu  D  M Na.  D  molecu	D not dome (liters) of 110-140  A. Calculate 6  le weight of ) of NX <sub>3</sub> :HE	the pH E 29 and 3r gas tr	ed  gas released >140  of this solution  reaction figurates aveling dista	from it.

B 5-6

C 6-7

D 7-8

E > 8

11. Calculate the pH of a 0.10 M (MH)<sup>+</sup> X solution. If the K<sub>b</sub> value for M is 1 x10<sup>-5</sup>. (M is a compound). 注:背面有試題 科目 普通化學 類組別 A1 A5

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12. For the synthesis of ammonia at 500°C, the equilibrium constant is  $6.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ L}^2/\text{mol}^2$ .

Predict the direction in which the system will shift to reach equilibrium in the following case.

 $[NH_3]_o = 1.0 \times 10^{-3} M$ ;  $[N_2]_o = 1.0 \times 10^{-5} M$ ;  $[H_2]_o = 2.0 \times 10^{-3} M$ 

	, c 21 v , c 23 v
Α	The ammonia synthesis reaction will go backward.
В	The ammonia synthesis reaction will go forward.
С	The ammonia synthesis reaction is under equilibrium.
D	The ammonia synthesis reaction is under equilibrium and will stop reaction.
Е	The ammonia synthesis reaction will not work.

13. At 25°C, the following heats of reaction are known:

 $\Delta H$  (kJ/mol)

 $2ClF + O_2 \rightarrow Cl_2O + F_2O$ 

167.4

 $2ClF_3 + 2O_2 \rightarrow Cl_2O + 3F_2O$ 

341.4

 $2F_2 + O_2 \rightarrow 2F_2O$ 

-43.4

What is the  $\Delta H$  (kJ/mol) for the following reaction at the same temperature?

 $ClF + F_2 \rightarrow ClF_3$ 

A -217.5 B -108.7 C +217.5 D -130.2	E none of these
-------------------------------------	-----------------

14. For a second order reaction:  $aA \rightarrow products$ 

Which equation is true? (k is rate constant and [A]<sub>o</sub> is the initial concentration of A)

	1 7
Α	$[A] = -kt + [A]_o$
В	$ln[A] = -kt + ln[A]_o$
С	$ln[A] = kt - ln[A]_0$
D	$1/[A] = -kt + 1/[A]_o$
E	$1/[A] = kt + 1/[A]_0$

15. For a certain reaction with rate constant of  $k_1$  at temperature  $T_1$  and rate constant of  $k_2$  at temperature  $T_2$ . Which equation is true for you to obtain the Ea (activation energy) of this reaction?

A	$\ln(k_2/k_1) = (E_a/R)^*[(1/T_1) + (1/T_2)]$
В	$\ln(k_2/k_1) = -(E_a/R)^*[(1/T_1) + (1/T_2)]$
С	$\ln(k_2/k_1) = -(E_a/R)^*[(1/T_1) - (1/T_2)]$
D	$\ln(k_2/k_1) = (E_a/R)^*[(1/T_1) - (1/T_2)]$
E	All the above four equations are wrong.

16. In which of the following changes is the work done by the system the largest at 25°C?

A	an isothermal reversible expansion of an ideal gas from 1 L to 10 L
В	an isothermal expansion of an ideal gas from 1 L to 10 L against an opposing pressure of 5 atm
С	an isothermal free expansion of an ideal gas from 1 L to 10 L
D	an isothermal expansion of an ideal gas from 1 L to 10 L against an opposing pressure of 1 atm
Е	The work is the same for all these processes.

17. Which of the following is the strongest oxidizing agent?

 $MnO_4^- + 4H^+ + 3e^- \rightarrow MnO_2 + 2H_2O$ 

 $E^{\circ} = 1.68 \text{ V}$ 

 $I_2 + 2e^- \rightarrow 2I^-$ 

 $E^{\circ} = 0.54 \text{ V}$ 

 $Zn^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow Zn$ 

 $E^{\circ} = -0.76 \text{ V}$ 

科目 普通化學

類組別 A1 A5

共 2 頁 第 3 頁 \* 選擇題請在答案卡內作答;

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18. In which of the following cases must E be equal to zero?

1	In any cell at equilibrium
II	In a concentration cell
III	$E^{\circ}$ can never be equal to zero.

A	II only
В	I and II
C	III
D	1 only
Е	None of them



19. You make a cell with a copper electrode in a solution of copper nitrate and a silver electrode in a solution of silver nitrate.

$$Cu^{2+} + 2e^{-} \rightarrow Cu \qquad E^{\prime}$$

$$E^{\circ} = 0.34 \text{ V}$$

$$Ag^+ + e^- \rightarrow Ag$$

$$E^{\circ} = 0.80 \text{ V}$$

If you could increase the concentration of Cu<sup>2+</sup>, which of the following would be true about the cell potential?

A	It would remain constant.
В	This cannot be determined.
C	It would decrease.
D	It would increase.
Е	All the statements are false.

20. Which of the following statements is correct?

A	The system does work on the surroundings when an ideal gas expands against a constant external pressure.
В	The internal energy of a system increases when more work is done by the system than heat is flowing into the system.
С	The internal energy of a system decreases when work is done on the system and heat is flowing into the system.
D	All the statements are true.
Е	All the statements are false.

21. For the reaction:  $CO_2(g) + 2H_2O(g)$  --->  $CH_4(g) + 2O_2(g)$ ,  $H^\circ = 803$  kJ which of the following will increase K?

Α	decreasing the temperature of system
В	decreasing the number of moles of methane
С	increasing the volume of system
D	increasing the temperature of system
Е	none of these

22. From the following list of observations, choose the one that most clearly supports the conclusion that electromagnetic radiation has wave characteristics.

Α	diffraction
В	the emission spectrum of hydrogen
С	the scattering of alpha particles by metal foil
D	cathode "rays"
E	the photoelectric effect

注:背面有試題

科目<u>普通化學</u>類組別<u>A1 A5</u>

共<u></u> 7 頁 第<u>十</u> 頁 \*選擇題請在答案卡內作答; 非選擇題請在答案卷內作答

23. Which of the following is a reasonable criticism of the Bohr model of the atom

A	It shows the electrons to exist outside of the nucleus.
В	It does not adequately predict the ionization energy of the first-energy-level electrons for elements other than hydrogen.
С	It makes no attempt to explain why the negative electron does not eventually fall into the positive nucleus.
D	It does not adequately predict the ionization energy of the valence electron(s) for elements other than hydrogen.
Е	It does not adequately predict the line spectrum of hydrogen.

24. Consider the following portion of the energy-level diagram for hydrogen:

```
n = 4   -0.1361 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J}

n = 3   -0.2420 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J}

n = 2   -0.5445 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J}

n = 1   -2.178 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J}
```

For which of the following transitions does the light emitted have the longest wavelength?

A	n = 2  to  n = 1
В	n = 4  to  n = 1
C	n = 3  to  n = 2
D	n=4 to $n=2$
Е	n = 4  to  n = 3

25. The molecule XCl<sub>5</sub> has a square pyramidal shape. Which of the following atoms could be X?

A	О
В	S
C	P
D	Xe
E	At least two of these atoms could be X.

26. Which ion is planar?

A	ClO <sub>3</sub>
В	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2</sup>
C	PCl <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>
D	CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>
E	SCl <sub>5</sub> "

27. Which of the following statements is false?

A	The carbon-carbon bond in $C_2^{2-}$ is shorter than the one in $CH_3CH_3$ .
В	The carbon-carbon bond in C <sub>2</sub> <sup>2-</sup> is stronger than the one in CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> .
C	C <sub>2</sub> is diamagnetic.
D	C <sub>2</sub> is paramagnetic.
Е	Two of these statements are false.

注:背面有試題

28. Which of the following statements is true?

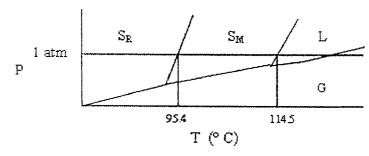
All antibonding MOs are higher in energy than the atomic orbitals of which they are composed.
which they are composed.
Electrons are never found in an antibonding MO.
Antibonding MOs have electron density mainly outside the space
between the two nuclei.
None of these statements is true.
Two of these statements are true.
_



29. Of the following homonuclear diatomic molecules, which is paramagnetic?

A	$C_2$
В	$B_2$
С	F <sub>2</sub>
D	N <sub>2</sub>
Е	None of the above

30. Shown below is a phase diagram for sulfur (not drawn to scale). Sulfur can exist in solid modifications, rhombic and monoclinic, denoted by  $S_R$  and  $S_M$ , respectively. Which of the following statements is *incorrect*?



A	At pressures close to 1 atm, rhombic sulfur can be in stable equilibrium with liquid sulfur.
В	Under ordinary atmospheric conditions (at sea level), sulfur does not sublime.
C	This system has two triple points.
D	At a given pressure, there is (at most) one temperature at which rhombic sulfur can exist in equilibrium with
	monoclinic sulfur.
E	None of these statements is incorrect.

31. A solution contains 1 mol of liquid A and 3 mol of liquid B. The vapor pressure of this solution is 314 torr at 25°C. At 25°C, the vapor pressure of liquid A is 265 torr and the vapor pressure of liquid B is 355 torr. Which of the following is true?

A	This solution exhibits a positive deviation from Raoult's law.
В	This solution is ideal.
С	This solution exhibits a negative deviation from Raoult's law.
D	None of these statements is incorrect.

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注:背面有試題

頁組別 A1 A

共<u>7</u>頁 第<u>6</u>頁 \*選擇題請在答案卡內作答; 非選擇題請在答案卷內作答

32. Acetone (mw = 58.08,  $P_{25^{\circ}C}^{\circ}$ =232 mmHg) and butanone (mw = 72.11,  $P_{25^{\circ}C}^{\circ}$ =100 mmHg) have the indicated molar masses and vapor pressures. A container holds 1.00 kg of butanone. How much acetone must be added to the butanone to elevate the total vapor pressure over the mixture to 125 mmHg at  $25^{\circ}$ C?

Α	5.313 kg
В	290 g
С	188 g
D	More information needed
Е	None of the above

33. Which of the following complexes shows geometric isomerism?

A	K[Co(H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>4</sub> ]
В	$[Co(H_2O)_5Cl]Cl_2$
C	[Co(H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>5</sub> Ci]SO <sub>4</sub>
D	Na <sub>3</sub> [CoCl <sub>6</sub> ]
E	[Co(H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>6</sub> ]Cl <sub>3</sub>

34. In the Lewis acid-base model, acids are \_\_\_\_\_ and bases are

	und out of the first
A	H <sub>3</sub> O <sup>+</sup> donors, H <sub>3</sub> O <sup>+</sup> acceptors
В	H <sup>+</sup> donors, H <sup>+</sup> acceptors
C	electron pair donors, electron pair acceptors
D	H <sub>3</sub> O <sup>+</sup> donors, OH <sup>-</sup> donors
E	electron pair acceptors, electron pair donors

35. Radiocarbon dating is based on which decay process?

,	
A	$^{14}_{6}$ C $\rightarrow ^{10}_{4}$ Be + $\alpha$
В	$^{14}_{6}$ C $\rightarrow ^{14}_{7}$ N + $\beta$
С	${}^{14}_{6}C \rightarrow {}^{14}_{5}B + \beta^{+}$
D	All of the above
Е	None of the above

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## 台灣聯合大學系統 103 學年度學士班轉學生考試試題

科目 普通化學

類組別

A1 A5

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\*選擇題請在答案卡內作答; 非選擇題請在答案卷內作答



(二). 簡答與計算題, (5 題,共30分).

1. (10 pts) Name the following elements or compounds in English.

A	Ru	В	W	С	MgBr <sub>2</sub>	D	NO <sub>2</sub>	Е	HCl (aq, acid)
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2. (5 pts) The reaction between bromate ions and bromide ions in acidic aqueous solution is given by the following equation:

$$BrO_3(aq) + 5Br(aq) + 6H(aq) \longrightarrow 3Br_2(/) + 3H_2O(/)$$

Rate = 
$$k[BrO_3^-]^x [Br^-]^y [H^+]^z$$
.

Using the following four experiment results to determine the orders (x, y, z) for all three reactants. Also calculate the rate constant (2 pts).

Exp	BrO <sub>3</sub> -(M)	Br (M)	H <sup>+</sup> (M)	Measured Rate
1	0.2	0.4	0.2	3.2 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
2	0.4	0.2	0.4	1.28 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>
3	0.4	0.4	0.2	6.4 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
4	0.2	0.4	0.4	1.28 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>

3. (5 pts) Consider the following hypothetical reaction (at 308 K). Standard free energies, in kJ/mol, are given in parentheses.

C 
$$\Delta G^{\circ} = ?$$

$$(-32.5)$$

$$(-237.0)$$

What is the value of the equilibrium constant for the reaction at 308 K?

- 4. (5 pts) Gold (atomic mass = 197 g/mol) is plated from a solution of chlorauric acid, HAuCl<sub>4</sub>; it deposits on the cathode. Calculate the time it takes to deposit 0.65 g of gold, passing a current of 0.14 amperes. (1 faraday = 96,485 coulombs)

5. (	5. (5 pts) Given the following information:				
	$Li(s) \rightarrow Li(g)$	Heat of sublimation of $Li(s) = 161 \text{ kJ/mol}$			
	$HCl(g) \rightarrow H(g) + Cl(g)1$	Bond energy of HCl = 427 kJ/mol			
	$Li(g) \rightarrow Li^+(g) + e^-$	Ionization energy of Li(g) = 520. kJ/mol			
	$Cl(g) + e^{-} \rightarrow Cl^{-}(g)$	Electron affinity of $Cl(g) = -349 \text{ kJ/mol}$			
	$Li^+(g) + Cl^-(g) \rightarrow LiCl(s$	Lattice energy of $LiCl(s) = -829 \text{ kJ/mol}$			
	$H_2(g) \rightarrow 2H(g)$	Bond energy of H <sub>2</sub> = 432 kJ/mol			

Calculate the net change in energy for the reaction  $2\text{Li}(s) + 2\text{HCl}(g) \rightarrow 2\text{LiCl}(s) + \text{H}_2(g)$