

國立清華大學命題紙

97 學年度 統計學研究所 碩士班入學考試

科目 基礎數學 科目代碼 0101 共 2 頁第 1 頁 \*請在【答案卷】內作答

請從答案卷第一頁開始作答。不要計算過程。

一. 選擇題，共 7 題 (每題五分，共三十五分)

- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x - \frac{1}{x}) \sin x = ?$  (A) -1 (B) 0 (C) 1 (D) not exist.
- How many zeros does the function  $f(x) = 2^x - x^2 - 1$  have on the real line?  
 (A) 2 (B) 3 (C) 4 (D) 5.
- Evaluate  $\int_0^2 (x-1)^{-2} dx$ . (A) 0.5 (B) 1 (C) 2 (D) diverges.
- If  $f(x)$  is continuous and  $\int_0^9 f(x) dx = 4$ , then  $\int_0^3 x f(x^2) dx = ?$   
 (A) 2 (B) 4 (C) 8 (D) none of the above.
- 求  $y = x^2$  與  $y = x + 1$  所圍成之面積為  
 (A)  $\frac{5}{6\sqrt{5}}$  (B)  $\frac{6}{5\sqrt{5}}$  (C)  $\frac{6\sqrt{5}}{5}$  (D)  $\frac{5\sqrt{5}}{6}$
- Find the values of  $x$  such that the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{1}{3^n \sqrt{n}} (x-1)^n$  converges.  
 (A)  $-3 < x \leq 3$  (B)  $-3 \leq x \leq 3$  (C)  $-2 < x \leq 4$  (D)  $-2 \leq x \leq 4$ .
- Let  $A = \begin{pmatrix} a & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & a & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ , where  $a$  is a real number. For which values of  $a$ , the matrix  $A$  is positive definite. (A)  $a > 2$  (B)  $a < -2$  (C)  $a < -1$  or  $a > 2$  (D)  $a > 0$ .

二. 填充題，共 11 題 (第 1-10 題每題六分，第 11 題五分，共六十五分)

- Let  $\{a_n\}$  be a sequence of real numbers satisfying  $a_{n+1} = \sqrt{a_n + 6}$ . If the initial value is  $a_1 = -2$ , then  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

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2. Let  $f(x) = \begin{cases} cxe^{-4x^2}, & \text{if } x \geq 0, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$

where  $c$  is some constant such that  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = 1$ . Find  $c =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

3. Find the maximum of  $xy$  under the condition that  $x^2 + 2y^2 = 1$ . The maximum is \_\_\_\_\_.

4. Find the solution of the differential equation:  $\frac{f'(x)}{1-f(x)} = e^{2x}$ ,  $f(0) = 0$ .  $f(x) =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

5. Let  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 6 \\ a & b \end{pmatrix}$ . Find  $a$  and  $b$  such that  $A$  has eigenvectors  $x_1 = (3,1)'$  and  $x_2 = (2,1)'$ .

$a =$  \_\_\_\_\_,  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

6. Following the previous problem (5), assume  $B$  is a different matrix with these same eigenvectors

$x_1$  and  $x_2$  but with eigenvalues  $\lambda_1 = 1$  and  $\lambda_2 = 0$ . Find  $B^{10} - 2B^2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

7. Assume  $U$  is the space spanned by  $\{(1, -2, 0, 3), (0, 1, 0, -1)\}$  and  $V$  is the space spanned by  $\{(1, 0, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0, 0), (0, 0, 1, 0)\}$ . Find the basis for the space of the intersection of  $U$  and  $V$ . The basis is \_\_\_\_\_.

8. Assume that  $A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $y = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ . Find the least squares solution for  $Ax = y$ .  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

9. 對任意  $a > 1$ ,  $\lim_{k \rightarrow 0} \{k(a^{1/k} - 1)\} =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

10. 對任意  $a > 0$ ,  $\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \{k(a^{1/k} - 1)\} =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

11. 如何用數值方法求  $\ln(3)$ ? (答案請少於 50 字)