頁第 1 頁 \*請在試卷

#### 選择題 (2% of each)

1. Which of the following best describes the geometry about the carbon-carbon double bond in the alkene below?

- A. E
- B. 2
- C. neither E nor 2

2. How many distinct terminal alkynes exist with a molecular formula of

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

. 20. 7

E. 5

3. Where would one expect to find the  $^1\mathrm{H}$  MMR signal for the carboxyl group's hydrogen in propancic acid?

- A. 8 4.1 8 5.6
- B. 8 10 8 13
- C. 88 89
- D. 5 6.1 8 7.8
- E. 8 9.5 8 10

4. Which of the following compounds has the most signals in the noise-decoupled 13C NMR spectrum?

- A. o-dibromobenzene
- B. m-dibromobenzene
- C. p-dibromobenzene
- D. 1,3,5-tribromobenzene
- E. 1,2,3,4-tetrabromobenzene

5. Which of the following chloropyridines readily undergo nucleophilic substitution upon treatment with NaCN?

- A. 2-chloropyridine
- B. 3-chloropyridine
- C. 4-chloropyridine
- D. both a and b
- E. both a and c
- F. both b and c

6. Which of the statements below correctly describes an achiral molecule?

- A. The molecule has a nonsuperimposable mirror image.
- B. The molecule exhibits optical activity when it interacts with
- C. The molecule has an enentiomer.
- D. The molecule might be a meso form.
- E. None of the above

#### 國立清華大學命題紙

## 八十八學年度 原 計 系 (所) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 租碇上班研究生招生考試

- 7. An acid which could <u>not</u> be prepared from an organic halide by carboxylation of the Grignard reagent is:
  - A. benzoic acid
  - B. 2,2-dimethylpropanoic acid
  - C. propanoic acid
  - D. 4-oxocyclohexanecarboxylic acid
  - E. 2-methylbutanoic acid
- 8. Which of the following alkyl halides would be suitable to use when forming a Grignard reagent?
  - A. H2NCH2CH2Br
  - B. (CH3) 2MCH2CH2Br
  - C. CH3COCH2CH2Br
  - D. BECH2CH2CH2CN
  - E, all of the above
- 9. A sample of compound X is subjected to elemental analysis and the following percentages by weight are found: 39.97% C, 6.73% H, and 53.30% O. The molecular weight of X is 90. What is the empirical formula of X?

E. CH20

- A.  $C_6HO_8$  B.  $C_2H_4O_2$  C.  $C_4H_{10}O_2$  D.  $C_3H_6O_3$ 10. Which of the following is a primary alkyl halide?
  - A. methyl iodide
    - B. isopropyl bromide
    - C. t-butyl iodida
    - D. Cyclohexyl bromide
    - E. isobutyl chloride
- 11. In the allyl radical, which \* molecular orbital is singly occupied?
  - A. The bonding  $\pi$  molecular orbital.
  - B. The nonbonding  $\pi$  molecular orbital.
  - C. The antibonding x molecular orbital.
  - D. None of the above.
- 12. The first mechanistic step in the direct reaction of an amine with a carboxylic acid to produce an amide is:
  - A. an acid-base reaction
  - B. nucleophilic attack on the carbonyl carbon
  - C. loss of H2O
  - D. loss of CO2
  - E. loss of N2
- 13. S<sub>N</sub>1 reactions usually proceed with:
  - A. equal amounts of inversion and retention at the center undergoing substitution.
  - B. slightly more inversion than retention at the center undergoing substitution.
  - C. slightly more retention than inversion at the center undergoing substitution.
  - D. complete inversion at the center undergoing substitution.
  - E. complete retention at the center undergoing substitution.

### 8

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14.	Which of electroph	the foll	lowing te	Ems come	es closes	st to des	cribing :	in		23
	A. anior	W 12.	4						\$3	
*:	B. Lewis		₹#.							
	C. Lewis	acid								
	D. nucle									
	E. nonpo	lar							78	
	採				7925				49	
15.	Which of		tements :		curately	describe	(s) alka	nes?		

- A. Alkanes are hydrocarbons which contain only single bonds. B. Alkanes belong to the class of unsaturated hydrocarbons.
- C. Alkanes are the simplest and least reactive class of organic compounds.
- D. Both a and b.
- E. Both a and c.
- F. Both b and c.
- 16. What effect does conjugation typically have on the frequency at which absorption by C-C occurs?
  - A. Conjugation decreases the frequency at which absorption occurs.
  - B. Conjugation increases the frequency at which absorption occurs.
  - C. Conjugation does not affect the frequency at which absorption
- 17. Both (E)- and (Z)-3-hexene can be treated with  $D_2$  in the presence of a platinum catalyst. How are the products from these two reactions related to each other?
  - A. The (E) and (Z) -isomers generate the same products in exactly the same amounts.
  - B. The (E) and (Z) -isomers generate the same products but in differing amounts.
  - C. The products of the two isomers are related as diastereomers.
  - D. The products of the two isomers are related as enantiomers.
  - E. The products of the two isomers are related as structural isomers.
- 18. is the use of an optically active reagent or catalyst to convert an optically inactive starting material into an optically active product.
  - A. Racemization
  - B. Asymmetric induction
  - C. Optical reduction
  - D. Meso effection
  - E. Heterosubstitution
- 19. When 1-hexanol is treated with conc. H2SO4 at moderate temperatures, \_ is formed via a(n) \_\_\_\_ mechanism.
  - A. di-n-hexyl ether, Swl
  - B. di-n-hexyl ether,  $s_{y2}$
  - C. di-n-propyl ether, E2
  - D. di-n-propyl ether, El
  - E. 1-hexene, S<sub>N</sub>1

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20.	Which compoun	d would s			\$100 Pt	SHE THE STORT SOURTHWARD STORT OF THE
	A. CH3CH2CN				52000000	
\$27 H	The		CH3CH2SCH3	878 A	8 X <del>2</del> 8 (1975)	CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>2</sub> ) 2CH <sub>3</sub>
21.	Choose the co molecule belo	rrect hyb w.	ridization f	or the atom i	ndicated in	the
	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CHCN					
	- 1				(	ž:
	A. sp					
	B. sp <sup>2</sup>					
	C. sp <sup>3</sup>	8				
	D. none of the	he above				
	<b>2</b> 5				ź÷	2.
22.	How many ele C7H11Cl?	Ments of	<b>unsaturatio</b> n	are implied	by the molec	ular formula
	A. 0	B. 1	C. 2	D. 3	E. 4	£. 5
23.	In the carbon observe carbon A10.0-0.0 B. 40.0-60.0 C. 80.0-100	орра Орра	what region are part of			
	D. 120.0-150 E. 200.0-220	3.0 ppm				
24.	What multipli decoupled 13	cities an	e observed i	for the signal	ls in the of	f-resonance
	A. 3 singlet B. 2 singlet C. a singlet D. a singlet E. a singlet	s and a d and 2 do , a doubl , a tripl	ublets et and a tri et. and a m	lartet		
	r. a complet	, a singl	et, and a qu	lartet		
25.	Which of the an <u>anti</u> fashi	following on?	additions t	o alkenes occ	ur(s) specif	fically in
	A. addition	of Br <sub>2</sub>	÷			
	<ul><li>B. hydrobora</li><li>C. addition</li></ul>	tion-oxid	ation			
	D. addition		dilute acid	!		
	E. both a and			83		
26.	Among the but	ene confor	rmers, which caus dihedra	occur at ene l angle?	rgy minima o	n a graph

A. gauche only
B. eclipsed and totally eclipsed
C. gauche and anti

D. eclipsed only E. anti only

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科目

科號 3903 共 8 頁第 5 頁 都在試卷 [答 27. Consider the three isomeric alkanes n-hexane, 2,3-dimethylbutane, and 2-methylpentane. Which of the following correctly lists these

compounds in order of increasing boiling point?

A. 2,3-dimethylbutane < 2-methylpentane < n-hexane

B. 2-methylpentane < n-hexane < 2,3-dimethylbutane

C. 2-methylpentane < 2,3-dimethylbutane < n-hexane D. n-hexane < 2-methylpentane < 2,3-dimethylbutane

E. n-hexane < 2,3-dimethylbutane < 2-methylpentane

28. Which of the following reactions involves the loss of carbon dioxide

A. Fischer esterification

B. Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction

C. esterification with CH2N2

D. Hunsdiecker reaction

E. hydroboration with diborane

29. Which of the following compounds absorbs the longest wavelength of

A. (E) -2-butene

B. (Z)-2-butene

C. 1-hexene

D. (Z)-1,3-hexadiene

E. (E)-1,3,5-hexatriene

30. Which toluidine isomers are possible products when m-bromotoluene is

A. ortho only

B. meta only

C. para only

D. meta and para only

E. ortho, meta, and para

31. Which of the molecules below can be properly called an ester?

A. CH3CH2CH(CH3)2

B. CH3OCH2CH2CH3

с. сизсоон

D. CH3COOCH3

E. HCCCH3

32. Which of the following undergoes  $S_{N}^{2}$  reaction with sodium methoxide

A. PhCH2Br

B. Ph<sub>3</sub>CBr

C. PhCH2CH2Br

D. PhBr

E. PhCH2CH2CH2Br

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	八十八學年度	3科质	系(所)	組碩士班研究生	招生考試
目	有機化學	科號_	3903 共 <u>8</u> 夏第	6 頁 * 請在試卷【答	案卷】內作答
D: V-	Anne de la compansión d	7-02	201 10046 20 Y 10040 2019203041 21 (2010)345248 765555.au		
33.	When the carbonyl	group of a new	rtral ketone is p	rotonated,:	
	A. the resulting	species become	s more electroph	ilic.	
	C. subsequent nuc	species is act	livated toward nu	cleophilic attack. ing species is said	i 22
	occur under ac	id-catalyzed o	conditions.		L CO
	D. the resulting E. all of the abo	species has a	positive charge.		
39.A	2007 CAME SUBM SWANDS-2504		01 821 100.0		
34,	Which of the specie	es below is le	ss basic than ac	etylide?	
	A. CH <sub>3</sub> Li				
	B. CH <sub>3</sub> ONa			wk	
	C. NaOH D. both b and c				
	E. all of the above	ve			
35.	Which of the follow	ving amines is	most soluble in	water?	
1241.00	A. CH3CH2NH2	over to <b>e</b> nderprise and the second		THE BUZZES	
	B. PhNH <sub>2</sub>				
	C. (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> N				
	D. (CH3CH2CH2) NH				
	E. pyrrolidine				
36,	. Which is a measure	of the rando	mness of a system	a?	
	A. enthalpy	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR			S\$
	B. entropy				
	C. kinetic order D. free energy				
	E. catalyst				
37.	When (R)-2-butanol	is treated w	ith TsCl in oveid	line the product	
	formed is:	The control of the co		ency the product	
	A. an achial comp	ound.			(14)
	B. a mixture of d	iastereomers.			
	<ul><li>C. a racemic mixt</li><li>D. a single enant</li></ul>	ure. iomer			
	E. none of the ab	ove.			
38.	In electrophilic a substituent:	romatic substi	tution reactions	a chlorine	
60 0 85	1 (0 - 21-1-1		161411 <b>42</b> 15431		
	A. is a deactivat B. is a deactivat	or and a m-dip or and an o.o.	rector. -director		
	C. 18 an activato	r and a m-dire	ctor.		
	<ol> <li>1s an activator</li> <li>none of the abor</li> </ol>	r and an o.p-c	lirector.	es	
39.	2-Methyl-3-pentanol		d as		
	128 No. 100 P. 1		A): 1880	A CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	
	A. a primary alcol	ohol	B. a second D. none of	dary alcohol the above	
į.	1.7%			.777 P.	

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科目

3903 共 8 賈第 7 頁 \*請在試卷【答案卷】內作答

- 40. Why do acetal-forming reactions that use ethylene glycol have more favorable equilibrium constants than those using methanol?
  - A. Ethylene glycol reacts more rapidly.
  - B. They are more favorable on entropy grounds.
  - C. They are more favorable on enthalpy grounds.
  - D. Ethylene glycol is acidic and catalyzes the reaction.
  - E. The ethylene acetal can serve as a protecting group.
- Predict the major products of the following reactions. Include stereochemistry where appropriate. (2% of each)

八十八學年度 (万) 子 (7) 不 (所) 組碩士班研究生招生考試 科目 有機化。學 科號 3903 共 8 頁第 8 頁 \*請在試卷【答案卷】內作答

(7) 
$$CH_3CH_2C \equiv CH + H_2O - \frac{HgSO_4}{H_2SO_4}$$