

國 立 清 華 大 學 命 題 紙

八十五學年度 原子科學 系(所) 甲 組碩士班研究生入學考試  
 科目 應用數學 科號 4002 共 2 頁第 1 頁 \*請在試卷【答案卷】內作答

(16%) 1. Solve the following initial value problems.

(8%) (a)  $y'' - 5y' + 6y = r(t), \quad y(0)=1, \quad y'(0)=-2$

$$\text{where } r(t) = \begin{cases} 4e^t & 0 < t < 2 \\ 0 & t > 2 \end{cases}$$

(8%) (b)  $\begin{cases} y_1' = 6y_1 + 9y_2 \\ y_2' = -y_1 + 6y_2 \end{cases}$

$$\text{i.e. } y_1(0) = -3, \quad y_2(0) = -3$$

(15%) 2. Legendre polynomial  $P_n(x)$  satisfies the Legendre's differential equation:

$$(1-x^2)y'' - 2xy' + n(n+1)y = 0.$$

Please solve for  $P_n(x)$ , and show that  $P_n(x)$  forms an orthogonal set on  $[-1,1]$ .

(14%) 3.

$$\text{Matrix } \mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 4 & 0 \\ 3 & 6 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(6%) (a) Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of  $\mathbf{A}$ .

(4%) (b) Find the trace of  $\mathbf{A}$ .

(4%) (c) Find the inverse of  $\mathbf{A}$ .

(10%) 4. For  $\vec{F} = (x+z)\hat{i} + (y+z)\hat{j} + (x+y)\hat{k}$ ,

$$S: x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1, \quad z \geq 0$$

Evaluate the surface integral  $\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n} dA$ ,

where  $\hat{n}$  is the outer unit normal vector of  $S$ .

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(15%) 5. Solve the one-dimensional heat equation

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$$

*boundary condition*     $u(0,t) = 0, \quad u(L,t) = 0 \quad \text{for all } t,$

*initial condition*     $u(x,0) = f(x).$

(20%) 6. Evaluate the following integrals:

(12%) (a)  $\int_C f(z) dz,$  where

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z - 1}, \quad C: \text{the circle } |z - 1| = 1 \text{ (clockwise)}$$

Please use both direct line integral method and Cauchy Integral formulate to evaluate.

$$(8%) (b) \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\sin \theta}{2 + \cos \theta} d\theta$$

(10%) 7.  $X$  is the random variable which has the density

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x/2 & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

and the random variable  $Y = 2X + 1.$

(3%) (a) Find the mean of  $Y.$

(3%) (b) Find the variance of  $Y.$

(4%) (c) Find the probability of finding  $Y$  in the interval  $2 < Y \leq 3, P(2 < Y \leq 3).$