

國 立 清 華 大 學 命 題 紙

96 學年度 工程與系統科學系 (所) 丙 組、先進光源學程 乙組 及 核子工程與科學研究所 甲組 碩士班入學考試

科目 近代物理 科目代碼 3003、3302、3104 共 1 頁第 1 頁 \*請在【答案卷卡】內作答

Useful constants:  $c = 3.00 \times 10^8$  m/s,  $k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23}$  J/K,  $h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34}$  J·s,  $e = 1.60 \times 10^{-19}$  C,  
 $m_e = 9.11 \times 10^{-31}$  Kg.

1. (12%) A metal surface is irradiated with monochromatic light of variable wavelength. Above a wavelength of  $5400 \text{ \AA}$ , no photoelectrons are emitted from the surface. With an unknown wavelength a stopping potential of 3 V is necessary to eliminate the photoelectric current. What is the unknown wavelength?
2. (15%) X-ray photons of wavelength  $0.712 \text{ \AA}$  undergo Compton collision in carbon. What is the wavelength change of the line scattered at  $90^\circ$  if the scattering particle is
  - (a) an outer electron ?
  - (b) the whole carbon atom ?
3. (15%) Find the deBroglie wavelength of the waves associated with an electron that has been accelerated from rest thorough a potential difference of
  - (a) 100 V.
  - (b) 800,000 V.
4. (13%) Measurements of the mass of a subatomic particle yielded a mass distribution which is centered at  $1230 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ , and with full width at half maximum about  $110 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ . Estimate the lifetime of the particle.
5. (15%) Determine the mass of a free particle whose wave function is the plane wave

$$\Psi(x, t) = A e^{i(2.5 \times 10^{11} x - 2.1 \times 10^{13} t)},$$

where distance ( $x$ ) is in meters and time ( $t$ ) in seconds.

6. (15%) One of the excited states of the hydrogen atom has the wavefunction

$$\psi = A r e^{-r/2a} \cos \theta,$$

where  $a$  is the Bohr radius.

- (a) Find the normalization constant  $A$ .
  - (b) Find the most probable value of  $r$ .
7. (15%)
    - (a) Write all possible total angular momentum states ( $j, m_j$ ) for a  $3d$  electron in a hydrogen.
    - (b) Assume that the spin-orbit interaction is not overwhelmed by an external magnetic field, what is the minimum angle that the total angular momentum vector  $\vec{J}$  may make with the  $z$ -axis for the  $3d$  electron.
    - (c) What are possible angles between vectors  $\vec{L}$  and  $\vec{S}$  for the  $3d$  electron due to the spin-orbit interaction.