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國立清華大學 112 學年度碩士班考試入學試題

系所班組別：資訊安全研究所

科目代碼：2501

考試科目：資訊安全

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共_8_頁，第_1_頁 *請在【答案卷、卡】作答

Part I (94%) Please select one correct answer according to the question (2 points/each).

1. What is the most commonly used technique to protect against virus attacks?
 - A. Signature detection
 - B. Heuristic detection
 - C. Data integrity assurance
 - D. Automated reconstruction

2. You are the security administrator for an e-commerce company and are placing a new web server into production. What network zone should you use?
 - A. Internet
 - B. DMZ
 - C. Intranet
 - D. Sandbox

3. Which of the following techniques requires that administrators identify appropriate applications for an environment?
 - A. Sandboxing
 - B. Control signing
 - C. Integrity monitoring
 - D. Whitelisting

4. What type of application vulnerability most directly allows an attacker to modify the contents of a system's memory?
 - A. Rootkit
 - B. Back door
 - C. TOC/TOU
 - D. Buffer overflow

5. What character should always be treated carefully when encountered as user input on a web form?
 - A. !
 - B. &
 - C. *
 - D. '

6. What database technology, if implemented for web forms, can limit the potential for SQL injection attacks?
 - A. Triggers
 - B. Stored procedures
 - C. Column encryption
 - D. Concurrency control

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共 8 頁，第 2 頁

*請在【答案卷、卡】作答

7. What condition is necessary on a web page for it to be used in a cross-site scripting attack?

- A. Reflected input
- B. Database-driven content
- C. .NET technology
- D. CGI scripts

8. What is the most effective defense against cross-site scripting attacks?

- A. Limiting account privileges
- B. Input validation
- C. User authentication
- D. Encryption

9. What worm was the first to cause major physical damage to a facility?

- A. Stuxnet
- B. Code Red
- C. Melissa
- D. WannaCry

10. Ben's system was infected by malicious code that modified the operating system to allow the malicious code author to gain access to his files. What type of exploit did this attacker engage in?

- A. Escalation of privilege
- B. Backdoor
- C. Rootkit
- D. Buffer overflow

11. What technology does the Java language use to minimize the threat posed by applets?

- A. Confidentiality
- B. Encryption
- C. Stealth
- D. Sandbox

12. What HTML tag is often used as part of a cross-site scripting (XSS) attack?

- A. <H1>
- B. <HEAD>
- C. <XSS>
- D. <SCRIPT>

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共_8_頁，第_3_頁 *請在【答案卷、卡】作答

13. When designing firewall rules to prevent IP spoofing, which of the following principles should you follow?
- A. Packets with internal source IP addresses don't enter the network from the outside.
 - B. Packets with internal source IP addresses don't exit the network from the inside.
 - C. Packets with public IP addresses don't pass through the router in either direction.
 - D. Packets with external source IP addresses don't enter the network from the outside.
14. Why should you avoid deleting log files on a daily basis?
- A. An incident may not be discovered for several days and valuable evidence could be lost.
 - B. Disk space is cheap, and log files are used frequently.
 - C. Log files are protected and cannot be altered.
 - D. Any information in a log file is useless after it is several hours old.
15. What are ethics?
- A. Mandatory actions required to fulfill job requirements
 - B. Laws of professional conduct
 - C. Regulations set forth by a professional organization
 - D. Rules of personal behavior
16. What is the end goal of disaster recovery planning?
- A. Preventing business interruption
 - B. Setting up temporary business operations
 - C. Restoring normal business activity
 - D. Minimizing the impact of a disaster
17. Which one of the following disaster types is not usually covered by standard business or homeowner's insurance?
- A. Earthquake
 - B. Flood
 - C. Fire
 - D. Theft
18. Which one of the following is not a denial-of-service attack?
- A. Teardrop
 - B. Smurf
 - C. Ping of death
 - D. Spoofing

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共 8 頁，第 4 頁

*請在【答案卷、卡】作答

19. How does a SYN flood attack work?
- A. Exploits a packet processing glitch in Windows systems
 - B. Uses an amplification network to flood a victim with packets
 - C. Disrupts the three-way handshake used by TCP
 - D. Sends oversized ping packets to a victim
20. A web server hosted on the Internet was recently attacked, exploiting a vulnerability in the operating system. The operating system vendor assisted in the incident investigation and verified the vulnerability was not previously known. What type of attack was this?
- A. Botnet
 - B. Zero-day exploit
 - C. Denial-of-service
 - D. Distributed denial-of-service
21. Of the following choices, what indicates the primary purpose of an intrusion detection system (IDS)?
- A. Detect abnormal activity
 - B. Diagnose system failures
 - C. Rate system performance
 - D. Test a system for vulnerabilities
22. Which of the following is true for a host-based intrusion detection system (HIDS)?
- A. It monitors an entire network.
 - B. It monitors a single system.
 - C. It's invisible to attackers and authorized users.
 - D. It cannot detect malicious code.
23. Of the following choices, what is the best form of anti-malware protection?
- A. Multiple solutions on each system
 - B. A single solution throughout the organization
 - C. Anti-malware protection at several locations
 - D. One-hundred-percent content filtering at all border gateways
24. What is the most important rule to follow when collecting evidence?
- A. Do not turn off a computer until you photograph the screen.
 - B. List all people present while collecting evidence.
 - C. Never modify evidence during the collection process.
 - D. Transfer all equipment to a secure storage location.

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共 8 頁，第 5 頁 *請在【答案卷、卡】作答

25. If port scanning does no damage to a system, why is it generally considered an incident?
- A. All port scans indicate adversarial behavior.
 - B. Port scans can precede attacks that cause damage and can indicate a future attack.
 - C. Scanning a port damages the port.
 - D. Port scanning uses system resources that could be put to better uses.
26. What type of incident is characterized by obtaining an increased level of privilege?
- A. Compromise
 - B. Denial of service
 - C. Malicious code
 - D. Scanning
27. Which of the following is most likely to detect DoS attacks?
- A. Host-based IDS
 - B. Network-based IDS
 - C. Vulnerability scanner
 - D. Penetration testing
28. At which layer of the OSI model does a router operate?
- A. Network layer
 - B. Layer 1
 - C. Transport layer
 - D. Layer 5
29. Which type of firewall automatically adjusts its filtering rules based on the content of the traffic of existing sessions?
- A. Static packet filtering
 - B. Application-level gateway
 - C. Stateful inspection
 - D. Dynamic packet filtering
30. A VPN can be established over which of the following?
- A. Wireless LAN connection
 - B. Remote access dial-up connection
 - C. WAN link
 - D. All of the above

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共_8_頁，第_6_頁 *請在【答案卷、卡】作答

31. What type of malware uses social engineering to trick a victim into installing it?
- A. Viruses
 - B. Worms
 - C. Trojan horse
 - D. Logic bomb
32. The CIA Triad comprises what elements?
- A. Contiguosness, interoperable, arranged
 - B. Authentication, authorization, accountability
 - C. Capable, available, integral
 - D. Availability, confidentiality, integrity
33. Which of the following is not a required component in the support of accountability?
- A. Auditing
 - B. Privacy
 - C. Authentication
 - D. Authorization Restricted job resp
34. What is the last phase of the TCP/IP three-way handshake sequence?
- A. SYN packet
 - B. ACK packet
 - C. NAK packet
 - D. SYN/ACK packer
35. In what type of cipher are the letters of the plaintext message rearranged to form the cipher text?
- A. Substitution cipher
 - B. Block cipher
 - C. Transposition cipher
 - D. One-time pad
36. If Renee receives a digitally signed message from Mike, what key does she use to verify that the message truly came from Mike?
- A. Renee's public key
 - B. Renee's private key
 - C. Mike's public key
 - D. Mike's private key

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共 8 頁，第 7 頁 *請在【答案卷、卡】作答

37. Which of the following statements is true?
- A. The less complex a system, the more vulnerabilities it has.
 - B. The more complex a system, the less assurance it provides.
 - C. The less complex a system, the less trust it provides.
 - D. The more complex a system, the less attack surface it generates.
38. Audit trails, logs, CCTV, intrusion detection systems, antivirus software, penetration testing, password crackers, performance monitoring, and cyclic redundancy checks (CRCs) are examples of what?
- A. Directive controls
 - B. Detective controls
 - C. Corrective controls
 - D. Preventive controls
39. Which of the following is a procedure designed to test and perhaps bypass a system's security controls?
- A. Logging usage data
 - B. War dialing
 - C. Penetration testing
 - D. Deploying secured desktop workstations
40. Auditing is a required factor to sustain and enforce what?
- A. Accountability
 - B. Confidentiality
 - C. Accessibility
 - D. Redundancy
41. Spamming attacks occur when numerous unsolicited messages are sent to a victim. Because enough data is sent to the victim to prevent legitimate activity, it is also known as what?
- A. Sniffing
 - B. Denial of service
 - C. Brute-force attack
 - D. Buffer overflow attack
42. John recently received an email message from Bill. What cryptographic goal would need to be met to convince John that Bill was actually the sender of the message?
- A. Nonrepudiation
 - B. Confidentiality
 - C. Availability
 - D. Integrity

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共 8 頁，第 8 頁 *請在【答案卷、卡】作答

43. How many keys are required to fully implement a symmetric algorithm with 10 participants?
- A. 10
 - B. 20
 - C. 45
 - D. 100
44. How many encryption keys are required to fully implement an asymmetric algorithm with 10 participants?
- A. 10
 - B. 20
 - C. 45
 - D. 100
45. What kind of attack makes the Caesar cipher virtually unusable?
- A. Meet-in-the-middle attack
 - B. Escrow attack
 - C. Frequency analysis attack
 - D. Transposition attack
46. What TCP/IP communications port is used by Transport Layer Security traffic?
- A. 80
 - B. 220
 - C. 443
 - D. 559
47. What type of cryptographic attack rendered Double DES (2DES) no more effective than standard DES encryption?
- A. Birthday attack
 - B. Chosen ciphertext attack
 - C. Meet-in-the-middle attack
 - D. Man-in-the-middle attack

Part II (6%) Please answer the following question.

48. What is Kerckhoffs's principle?