

國立清華大學命題紙

95 學年度 動力機械工程學 系 (所) 乙 組碩士班入學考試

科目 電路學及電子學 科目代碼 1602 共 肆 頁第 壹 頁 \*請在【答案卷卡】內作答

Note: Assuming whatever variables and/or parameters if necessary.

1. In the following circuit as shown in Fig. 1, denote the power delivered to the load  $R_L$  by  $P_L$ . Obtain the expression for  $P_L$  as a function of  $R_L$ . From this expression, find the value of  $R_L$  for maximum power transfer and the associated maximum power. (10%)

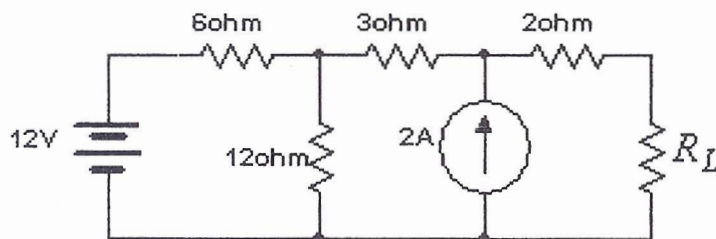


Fig. 1

2. The step response of  $V_c$  of the RC circuit as shown in Fig. 2a is measured. From this step response as shown in Fig. 2b, find:

- (i) The time constant of the system (4%)
- (ii)  $R$  (2%)
- (iii)  $V_s$  (3%)
- (iv)  $i(0^+)$  (3%)

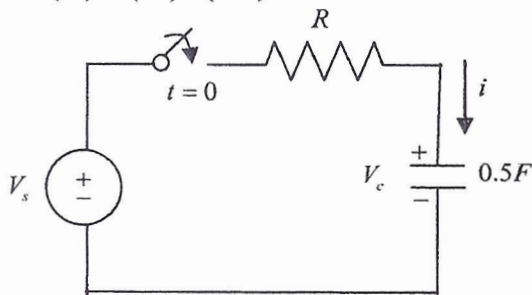


Fig. 2a

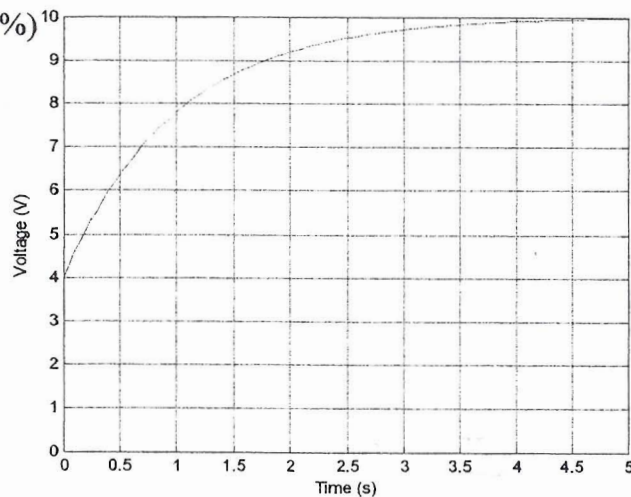


Fig. 2b

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3. A sinusoidal voltage of  $4\sin(\omega t) V$  is applied across the terminals of a black box and the instantaneous power absorbed by the box is measured below in Fig. 3. Please find:
- The frequency of the sinusoidal voltage (in rad/s) (2%),
  - The average power, the reactive power, and the complex power. (4%)
  - Moreover, determine whether the black box is a series  $RL$  or a series  $RC$  circuit. Find the  $R$ ,  $L$  (or  $C$ ) values. (6%) (**Hint:**  $2\sin A\sin B = \cos(A-B) - \cos(A+B)$ )

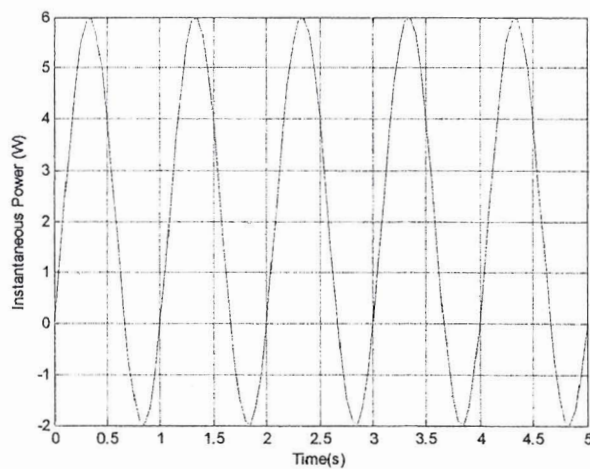


Fig. 3

4. In the following circuit as shown in Fig. 4,  $u(t)$  is a unit step function. Find
- $i_1(0), i_2(0)$ , and  $v_0(0^+)$  (2%)
  - $i_1(\infty)$  and  $i_2(\infty)$  (2%)
  - The mesh equations for  $i_1(t)$  and  $i_2(t)$  (3%)
  - The characteristic equation of the circuit (3%)
  - $i_1(t)$  and  $v_0(t)$ . (6%)

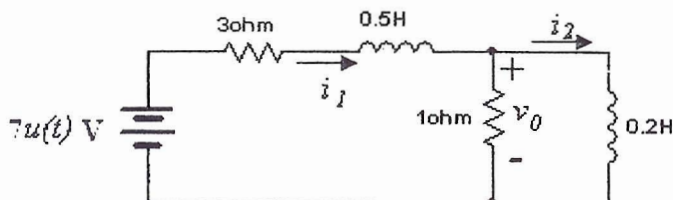


Fig. 4

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5. Determine the  $\beta$  value for the following transistor circuit with  $R_C=1.2\text{ k ohm}$ ,  $R_F=33\text{ k ohm}$  as shown in Fig. 5 where a minimal voltage gain of  $v_o/v_i=250$  is needed. (15 %)

Note:  $\gamma_\pi = \frac{25mV}{I_B}$ ,  $g_m = \frac{\beta}{\gamma_\pi}$  and  $V_{BE, active} = 0.7\text{ V}$ .

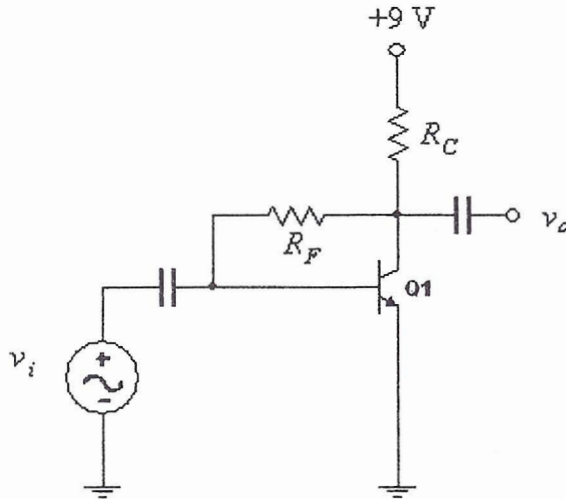


Fig. 5

6. Assuming the OP AMP in Fig. 6 is ideal and  $\beta=\infty$ ,  $V_{CE, sat} = 0.2\text{ V}$  for transistor Q1. With the following parameters given as:  $V_i=12\text{ V}$ ,  $V_Z=5\text{ V}$ ,  $R_1=R_2=10\text{ k ohm}$ ,  $R_3=100\text{ ohm}$ ,  $R_L=20\text{ ohm}$ . (15 %)

- (i) Determine  $V_L$  and  $I_i$ .
- (ii) Determine the minimum operating voltage of  $V_i$ .

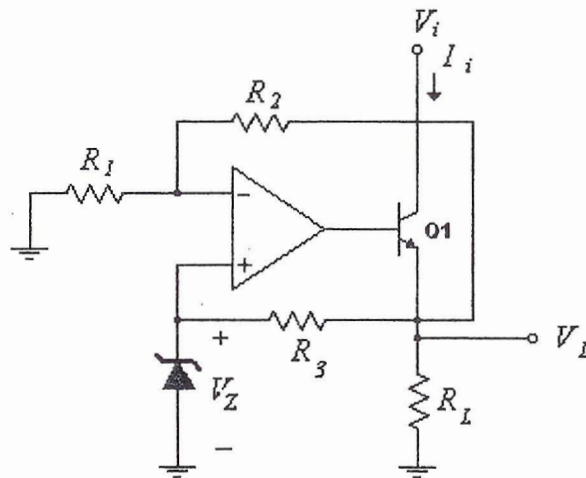


Fig. 6

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7. Consider the following OPAMP circuit as shown in Fig. 7 which is a phase-lead compensator for the purpose of feedback control.
- Derive the transfer function of  $v_o(s)/v_i(s)$  in terms of  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  (10 %)
  - If we let  $T=R_2C_2$ , and  $\alpha=R_2/R_1=C_2/C_1$ . Obtain the maximum phase lead,  $\theta_m$ , and the frequency  $\omega_m$  in terms of  $\alpha$  and  $T$ . (10 %)

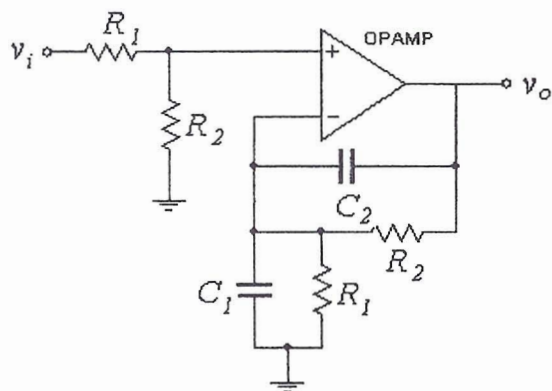


Fig. 7