

國立清華大學命題紙

九十三學年度 動力機械工程學系 甲、乙、丙、丁 組碩士班研究生招生考試
科目 工程數學 科號 1503, 1603, 1703, 1803 共 2 頁第 1 頁 *請在試卷【答案卷】內作答

1. Solve the following ordinary differential equations.

(a) Find all initial conditions such that the initial value problem

$$(x^2 + 2x)y' = 2(x+1)y, \quad y(x_0) = y_0$$

has (i) no solution, (ii) more than one solutions, and (iii) precisely one solution. (6%)

(b) $(4x^2 + 4x + 1)y'' - (4x + 2)y' - 12y = 3x/[x + (1/2)]$. (14%)

2. Solve the difference equation

$$3y(t) - 4y(t-1) + 2y(t-2) = t,$$

using the Laplace transform if $y(t) = 0$ for $t < 0$. (10%)

3. Find the work done in moving a particle once around a circle C in the xy plane, as shown in Figure 1, if the circle has center at the origin and radius 3 and if the force field is given by

$$\mathbf{F} = (2x - y + z)\mathbf{i} + (x + y - z^2)\mathbf{j} + (3x - 2y + 4z)\mathbf{k}, \quad (10\%)$$

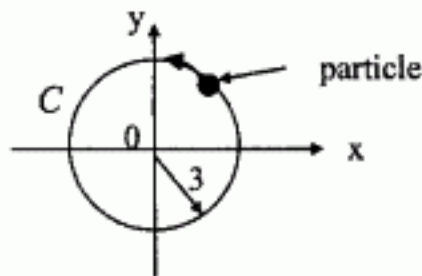


Figure 1

4. Consider the system governed by the following equation:

$$\dot{\mathbf{x}}(t) = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}(t) \quad \text{where} \quad \mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of matrix \mathbf{A} . (6%)

(b) If the initial values are $x_1(0) = x_2(0) = 1000$, determine the solution of $\mathbf{x}(t)$. (8%)

(c) Is this a stable system? (2%)

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5. Compute the following values where $i = \sqrt{-1}$:

(a) $(1 + i)^{20}$. (3%)

(b) $(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)^6$ where $\theta = 30^\circ$. (3%)

(c) $\log(1 + i)$. (4%)

(d) i^i . (4%)

6. A period function $f(x) = f(x + 2\pi)$ can be represented by a trigonometric series

$$f(x) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx)$$

Please find the coefficients a_0 , a_n , and b_n . (10%)

7. Consider a one-dimensional wave equation,

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$$

where $u(x, t)$ is the deflection of the string and the length of string is l . The string is fixed at the ends $x = 0$ and $x = l$ at all time. Please obtain the solution with the following initial conditions. (Please use the separation of variable approach.)

$$u(x, 0) = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{l}x & \text{when } 0 < x < \frac{l}{2}, \\ \frac{2}{l}(l-x) & \text{when } \frac{l}{2} < x < l. \end{cases}$$

and

$$\left. \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \right|_{t=0} = 0. \quad (20\%)$$